Weather

Overcast weather today. The was 50.2 and the minimum 32.0, maximum temperature yesterday the figures for the corresponding day last year being 51.8 and 49.1.

The China Press

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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ALLIES MEET TO CONSIDER TEUTON REPLY TO DEMANDS

New Note To Be Drafted Stating Obligations Berlin Faces

EXPERTS CALLED

Decision On Scapa Flow Question Will Be Announced

TO SEE GERMANS

Project Of Giving Aid To Austria To Be Carried Out

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 16.—The Supreme Allied Council met today to discuss the reply to be made t Germany. The meeting was hel at M. Clemenceau's house, Rue Franklin, as the Premier is still indisposed. Sir Eyre Crowe, the British Plenipotentiary, was back from London in time to be present. A certain number of nava experts were summoned to the meeting, technical advice bein necessary in order to enable the Council to reach a decision on the Scapa Flow question.

The German experts were due in Paris today, and it seems probable that they will be askec to attend a joint meeting with the Allied experts. The latter wil then learn what exactly are the reparations offered by the German Government in place of the port material which it declares impossible to surrender. In any case, it is stated, the discussion of this matter will be quickly settled and the ratification of the peace treaty is expected shortly.

PLAN CONFERENCES

Paris, December 16.—It is announced from London that as the result of the recent conference in London, it has been decided tha the French and British Premiers shall arrange to meet more often and Mr. Lloyd George has declared that he is ready to come to Paris to confer with M. Clemenceau when it is thought to be necessary. No definite date has however been fixed.

WILL AID AUSTRIA

Paris, December 16.—Dr. Renner, the Austrian Chancellor, yesterday called on M. Clemenceau at his house. He is to be heard by the Supreme Council today. The Allied Delegations have already conferred on the subject of the assistance to be given to Austria, and a scheme has been drafted providing for:

(1) Granting of credits, (2) Control of Austrian State revenues. (3) Organisation of Supply and Transport.

Before settling the practical details, however there are certain immediate measures to be taken which the Allied Powers must discuss in common.

American Is Victim In Aeroplane Crash

London-Paris Flight Service Has First Serious Mishap At Caterham

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 12.—The passenger killed in the aeroplane crash at Caterham the day before yesterday was an American named Rand, President of the Marine Trust Company of Buffalo. One of his last acts was to offer half a million francs for a monument to commemorate the burial of a battalion of Frenchmen who were overwhelmed in a trench at Verdun, M. Clemenceau accepted the offer.

As already announced, the aeroplane was flying from Paris to London. This is the first serious mishap since the inauguration of the London-Paris service in August.

CONVICT RECAPTURED

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, December 12.—One of the convicts who escaped from Victoria jail on Monday morning has been recaptured.

Will Employ Soldiers In Manchuria Mines

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, Dec. 14.—Inspector-General Chang Tso-lin, who appears to be more active in the disbandment of his superfluous troops than most of the remaining Tuchuns, has sent word to the Government that he proposes to appropriate funds for the development of the many coal mines in Manchuria and that the workmen in these mines will be recruited from among the soldiers who are to be disbanded. He requests the Government to instruct the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce to grant him licenses for the operation of the mines in question.

It is understood here that the Cabinet is favorably disposed towards General Chang Tso-lin's plan, which it regards as having the twofold advantage of developing the Three Eastern Provinces and giving employment to a large number of ex-soldiers who might otherwise become bandits or, as a result of lack of work, fall as a burden upon the community.

LADY MEMBER OF AMERICAN LEGION JOINS CONSULATE

Miss Lillian May Wilkinson Arrives In Shanghai After Work In France

TELLS OF LIFE OVERESAS

Six Months Ago She Held Post In Office Of General Johnson Harbord

Miss Lillian May Wilkinson, probably the first lady member of the American Legion to arrive in Shanghai, quietly walked into the office of Consul-General Cunningham yesterday and announced she had come to take the consular position of stenographer and secretary cabled as open by the Consul.

Six months ago she was checking the addresses of General Johnson Harbord's callers at Tours, France, and at odd times reminding the General of his appointments. Outside of office hours she lived with the other A. E. F. girls in the Government hotel for girls which was chaperoned by a Y. W. C. A. hostess. Three evenings a week she danced with homesick American soldiers.

"You see it was this way," she explained. "We were attached to the Service of Supply of the American army. General Harbord was the chief of staff and a wonderful man. His headquarters was at Tours, and that, for the time being, was like an American capital of France.

"There were so many officers and men and so few girls that the dancing was terrible but it was a patriotic duty. A girl would dance perhaps two steps when she would be tagged by some new man and she would have to dance with him until tagged again. But it was a great place. I saw General Pershing and General Petain and all of them. We reached Paris in the midst of the bombing in August, 1918. It was the long range gun, you know."

All British Forces Now Out Of Syria

Gen. Gourand To Take Over Command In Silicia And In Occupied Zone

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 16.—A Cairo message states that in accordance with the decisions reached by the Governments concerned General Gouraud will take over command in Silicia as well as in the zone known as the "Western occupied enemy region" comprising Beirut, Tripoli, (Syria) and Alexandretta. All the British forces have been withdrawn from Syria. The operation of taking over by the French from the British was effected without the slightest hitch.

STEAMER CASTOR IS LONG OVERDUE

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 12.—The owners fear that the steamer Castor which has not been heard of since she left Singapore on November 16, for Haiphong, was lost in a typhoon.

D'ANNUNZIO YIELDS HOLD ON FIUME TO GOVERNMENT

Adriatic Port Reported Now To Be Held By Regular Troops

NITTI TO SPEAK

Important Statement To Be Made On Solution Of Adriatic Problem

REPORTS DENIED

Rumors Of Revolutionary Riots In Italy Are Declared Unfounded

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 16.—A Rome telegram announces that as the result of the agreement reached between Count Sforza and Major Giuratti (d'Annunzio's principal Secretary), General Caviglia occupied Fiume on Sunday with Italian regular troops, d'Annunzio handing over control of the city, on behalf of the Fiume National Council.

According to the Italian newspapers, Signor Nitti, the Premier will make an important statement in the Chamber today on the solution of the Fiume problem and the agreement recently reached between the Italian Government and the Fiume Command.

Reports Of Revolution Are Officeally Denied

(Italian Direct)

Paris, December 12.—The rumors circulated of the King's abdication and of revolutionary riots in Italy are officially denied in Rome.

The American press publishes the denial and in its comment appears optimistic about the new Chamber, where the Socialists are not representing a revolutionary program but are principally the expression of the discontent caused by the failure of obtaining a favorable solution of all the principal Italian problems, a failure which is attributed, for the greater part, to the fault of the Allies.

The French press, after remembering the grave sacrifices of Italy during and after the war and the radical, bold reforms announced for the future by Premier Nitti, addresses to the friendly American people a warm appeal in favor of the Italian solution of the Adriatic problem.

Britain In Need Of Siberian Butter

Reason Ministry Refused To Make Recent Purchase Given By Food Controller

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 12.—The Food Controller, referring to the statement that in May last the Ministry of Food refused to purchase ten thousand tons of Siberian butter which were offered cheaply, says it is true that a small quantity of such butter might have been acquired but it was not fit for consumption and that it would have been dear as a gift. He added that he has recently been able to buy 300 tons of butter in better condition at a price corresponding to the price of Canadian and Danish butter. He also states that the Ministry wishes to re-open the butter trade with Siberia because before the war Great Britain was accustomed to buy 30,000 tons annually from Siberia and the absence of Siberian supplies is largely responsible for the present reduced ration.

Greatest Motorship Launched In Sweden

Vessel Called Africa Owned By East Asiatic Company Of 14,000 Tons

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 12.—The world's greatest motorship the Africa, 14,000 tons belonging to the East Asiatic Company, of Denmark, has been launched at Copenhagen. She has two Diesel motors, together indicating 4,500 horsepower.

Careless Watchman Cause Of Big Fire That Destroyed Orphanage At Siccawei

Photos by Ah Fong

The upper view gives a general idea of some of the havoc wrought by the Fire at the Tousewei Orphanage. Below, Brother A. Beck, whose valuable collection was saved.

Priceless Collection Of Brother Beck, Which Was Thought Lost, Is Undamaged---Plant Will Be Rebuilt

A careless watchman, who placed his lamp under the bed in which another watchman was sleeping, was the cause of the big fire at the Tousewei Orphanage, Siccawei, Tuesday night. The lamp set fire to a mosquito net which hung over the bed. The two watchmen attempted to extinguish the blaze but could not and it developed into one of the worst fires in local history. The bed was in the main carpenter shop.

The priceless collection of antiques and curios, the property of Brother A. Beck, head of the sculpture and carpentry department was miraculously saved, firemen discovered at dawn yesterday.

The collection was on the first floor in the extreme east end of the orphanage dormitory. Fire had swept the ground floor, damaged the walls of the room in which the collection was stored; a portion of the roof had fallen in, but Brother Beck's ambitious collection of bronzes, vases, and other antiques and curios was practically unharmed.

The water damage in the east portion of the building was heavy, the ground floor was covered even yesterday afternoon with water and debris, the outside of the building was charred but the small portion of the building occupied by the collection is intact. Flames had even licked the carved doors at the entrance to the stairway that leads to the collection.

WORTH OVER Tls. 250,000

Since the Revolution Brother Beck had been collecting the antiques and curios from all parts of China. Two years ago an American offered him Taels 250,000 for the collection. Since then Brother Beck has added a number of valuable articles to the collection.

The finding of the curios when the priests, brothers and firemen went through the building after the fire was under control was a happy surprise. The priests and brothers had given them up for lost, for even as early as two o'clock yesterday morning when the fire was at its height, the building was in flames. All of Brother Beck's books and plans, ten feet from the curios, were destroyed.

The loss would have been hard for Brother Beck to bear as he is over 60 years old and made the collection a hobby. He has been at Siccawei over 28 years in charge of the sculpture and carpentry departments and is well known in Shanghai.

Brother Beck has only recently recovered from an operation for appendicitis but yesterday afternoon he was directing his boys in the first efforts at bringing order out of the chaos brought by the fire.

TO REBUILD PLANT

Reverend Father L. Bouvet, director of Tousewei, said yesterday that the plant would be rebuilt. When the work is to start will be decided by the Bishop, the rector of Siccawei, and other superiors of the Society of Jesus in Shanghai.

It will be some days before the exact damage done by the fire can be known as stock accounts and books were burned. The figure will not reach $1,000,000, Father Bouvet's estimate when the fire was at its height, because Brother Beck's collection is practically unhurt.

The 250 orphans are quartered in the west end of the dormitory building. The fire was halted as it was entering the rooms formerly occupied by the children and the damage to the sleeping quarters and refectory was done principally by smoke and water. The chapel, which was in the center of the building, was destroyed.

The fire wall between the chapel and the orphans' sleeping quarters held the fire while streams of water, with the pressure now high, were played on the building. This was at five o'clock yesterday morning after the blaze had been raging for five and a half hours. At six o'clock the fire was practically extinguished although until late yesterday afternoon the ruins were burning in many places.

DEPARTMENTS CRIPPLED

It will be some months before work can be resumed in the sculpture, carpentry and painting departments, in silver, gold and nickel plating and in brass for the buildings in which they were housed are now in ruins. The foundry, forge and the shoemaking department are also affected while hundreds of tools are in the ruins and the machinery in all the burned buildings is practically useless.

The printing press and book depot were not touched by the fire as they are housed in the last building to the south, the fire having been stopped in the dormitory building 100 feet away. A courtyard separates the two buildings and in the courtyard the firemen made their successful stand between 2:30 o'clock and five yesterday morning when the tide had risen in the creek, allowing high pressure for the many lines of hose.

PRAISE FIREMEN

Priests and brothers at Tousewei have nothing but praise for the work of the firemen who waged a hopeless fight because of the lack of water.

Time and again they were in danger as the heavy tile roofs crashed through the burning floors. They were handicapped by the necessity of depending on the creek for their water supply—there are neither mains nor hydrants—and when they saw the futility of attempting to stem the blaze until the tide rose, they devoted attention to salvage work.

The final stand came when the pressure was at its best, nearly four o'clock in the morning and although the fire wall which separates the chapel from the west end of the orphanage building was slowly weakening, the firemen finally got the blaze under control even though flames were mounting high in the air from the burning ruins on the other side of the building.

Father Bouvet and Brother Beck were loud in their praise of the efforts made by the fire fighters and Brother Beck was particularly pleased that the blaze was brought under control in time to save his curio collection which, hours before, had been give up as lost.

Tousewei Orphangage Founded 55 Years Ago

For over 55 years Tousewei has been a haven for orphan children and a school of manual training and industrial arts for Chinese boys who were left homeless. In 1864 the institution was founded and the nucleus of the elaborate plant was formed that saw 55 years of progress to be completely destroyed by fire. The institution was a home and training school for boys sent

(Continued on Page 3)

TWO FORMOSANS IN CLASH WITH FOOCHOW POLICE

Report Of Another Outbreak At Port Is Received At Peking

SOLDIERS QUELL UPRISING

Demands From South Sent To Peking Urge Government To Be Firm

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, Dec. 14.—The Chen Pao reports the receipt of a special telegram from Foochow, dated the 12th, to the effect that two Formosans attacked and wounded two Chinese policemen in Foochow on the 11th. One of the Formosans was subsequently arrested, whereupon his countrymen gathered in force and attempted to raid the Chinese police station and release him. They did not withdraw from the neighborhood of the police station until the appearance of a considerable force of Chinese soldiers and policemen made a retreat advisable.

In further connection with the Foochow Incident the Government has received messages from the influential leaders of the South stating that the recent fracas at Foochow should not be treated lightly and that the authorities at Peking must do their utmost to settle the question in a manner honorable to China. They point out that any unwise or timid action by the Government at this time will only arouse popular indignation to the boiling point, as well as discredit the Government forever. On the other hand a firm stand by Peking resulting in the successful conclusion of the incident may yet help the Government to regain from the people the sympathy and respect that it has lost during recent years.

Tonight's Program Of Dance Music At The Town Hall

The following program of dance music will be played by the Band in the Town Hall this evening, beginning at 5:30 p.m:

1. One Step—Some old Town ... Gilbert.
2. Waltz—In the Spotlight ... Lodge.
3. Fox Trot—My Girl of the Southland ....Brown
4. One Step—Fizz Water..Blake.
5. Fox Trot—Keep 'Em Goin' ... Ivers.
6. Waltz—Kiss me again ... Herbert.
7. One Step—You have got to go in or go under ....van Alstyne.
8. Fox Trot—Peacock Strut ... Martyn.

A. de Kryger is the Conductor-in-Charge.

Meeting Today To Consider Relief For Russ Refugees

To devise means for the relief of the destitute Russian Refugees in Shanghai, a public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Civil League at the Lecture Hall of the Royal Asiatic Society this evening at 5:30 o'clock. Dean A. J. Walker will preside. All those who are inteested are asked to attend.

American Chamber Hosts To Financiers At Dinner Tonight

Messrs. Wiggin, Stone, Bruce And Carey And Captain Dollar To Be Guests

Prominent American business men and financiers will be entertained tonight at the Columbia Country Club by the American Chamber of Commerce.

The guests of honor will include Mr. Albert H. Wiggin, President of the Chase National Bank of New York; Mr. Charles Stone, President of the Hayden, Stone and Company of Boston; Mr. E. B. Bruce, President of the Pacific Development Corporation, Captain Robert Dollar President of the Robert Dollar Company of San Francisco and Mr. W. F. Carey of Siems-Carey Construction Company of New York.

Messrs. Wiggin, Stone, Bruce and Carey arrived from Peking yesterday. The dinner will be promptly at eight o'clock.

Admiral's Wife, Daughter, Guests Of Woman's Club

Members of the American Woman's Club and their guests crowded the Carlton Cafe at the tea dansant yesterday afternoon. It was the reception planned originally for Admiral Albert Gleaves and his party and the new American Consul-General and his wife.

In the receiving line were Mrs. W. H. Lunt, president of the Club, Mrs. Cunningham and Consul-General Edwin Cunningham, Mrs. Albert Gleaves, wife of the Admiral; Miss E. Gleaves, Mrs. J. M. Ludy, and the three former presidents of the Club, Mrs. J. B. Fearn, Mrs. W. W. Lockwood and Mrs. F. J. Raven. Admiral Gleaves and his flagship will not arrive until today. Mrs. J. B. Sawyer, Mrs. F. J. White and Mrs. H. A. Wilbur acted as ushers.

The refreshments were prepared by members of the Club. Mrs. F. B. Hudson and Mrs. J. B. Powell presided at the tea table. Mrs. James Macbeth and her Committee on Courtesies were the ushers.

The decorations were of American flags, holly and poinsettas. On the tables were the new silver vases recently made part of the Club's permanent equipment. Each of the 250 resident members were permitted to bring two guests. From 4:30 to 5:30 tea was served. Dancing followed. A number of American naval officers were among the guests.

CZECHS TOLD TO WAR UPON KOLCHAK OR QUIT SIBERIA

Demand Is Presented In Proclamation From Revolutionaries

ANSWER IS GIVEN

Organ Of Army Condemns Move And Says It Will Be Ignored

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Irkutsk, December 16.—The Siberian Social-revolutionaries have issued a proclamation addressed to the Czecho-Slovaks demanding that they shall either fight against Admiral Kolchak or leave Siberia. The organ of the Czecho-Slovak army the Czecho-Slovaksky Dnevnik condemns the proclamation and points out that at the time when the Czechs took an active part in the struggle for the liberation of Russia and Siberia from the Bolsheviks, and were forming Russo-Czech battalions, the Social-Revolutionaries took no part in the movement and did not join the Czechs. The paper adds "The Czechs have always supported the Russian democracy but instead of earning gratitude, they are being pressed to take part in an unworthy movement, which was started last summer, by those who are akin to the Bolsheviks. The Czechs will stand aloof from that movement."

HAMPERS ELECTIONS

In Tomsk and Altai provinces elections to the General Assembly of Zemstvos are hindered by military activities. The elections in other provinces will be completed by the end of December. Provincial Assemblies of Zemstvos are empowered to fix the time of the next elections. The municipalities have decided to send to the Assembly representatives of the Universities and other institutions. The elections in various towns began this week.

POLICE OFFICERS FACING CHARGES

Hearings Of Two Accused Of Breaking Regulations Being Heard

Charged with a breach of police regulations, E. S. Cartwright, constable of the Hongkew Station and James Casson, warder at the Municipal jail, appeared before the British Police Court yesterday. The accused were not represented by counsel. The hearing of the case against Cartwright was begun. He was charged with failing to appear for duty, intoxication, insubordination and disobedience, Mr. G. H. Wright appeared for the prosecution. The case will be continued this morning.

Defendant pleaded not guilty to the charge of drunkenness, and alleged that he was not given a square deal by the Council. He stated that there was a general complaint made by the men who came out from England last Summer about the accommodations provided for them on the Orestes, which he said was not fit for animals. All the men were treated the same. "When I tried to speak to the Commissioner," he said, "I received the command, 'right turn,' and out I went."

Witnesses were called yesterday by the prosecution, including Inspector Bourke, Acting Commissioner A. H. Hilton-Johnson, Sergeant O'Dwyer and Sergeant Everson.

American Company Adds Gatling Guns

Correspondence between the Municipal Council and former United States Consul-General Thomas Sammons in reference to the loan by the United States Government of two Gatling guns is published today by the Municipal Gazette.

The offer was made under the conditions that the guns are to be used in connection with the Shanghai Volunteer Corps and that they be manned by the American officers and men so long as there is an American contingent in the Corps. A report on the condition of the guns is to be made annually to the United States Consulate-General.

KIANGSI STUDENTS IN BIG PROTEST AGAINST JAPANESE

Five Thousand In Orderly Parade Bearing Fiery Worded Banners

OFFICIALS IN APPROVAL

Civil And Military Officials Reported To Protest Foochow Incident

(China Press Correspondence)

Nanchang, December 9.—Taunts of pacifism and fear of death that have been made by some visiting students have only added fire to the patriotism of the Kiangsi Union. Yesterday was set aside as a day of protest and by 11 o'clock 5,000 students had assembled on the East Lake Play Grounds, formed into ranks according to schools, bowed three times before the flag and headed by a company of about one hundred women started on a parade demonstration which lasted until 4 o'clock.

The paraders were orderly, serious, and determined.

The line of march led first past the Hall of Ten Thousand Ancestors, then to the Yamens of the Civil and Military Governors, through main streets and back again to the playgrounds.

The sentiments upon the banners were more fiery than any that have been used before. Those calling for "Blood and Iron" predominated, giving the universal answer to the pleas, "Remember China's Shame," "Dont forget the twenty-one demands," "If Foochow is lost, China is lost, if China is lost, we are lost." Other urged the people to "Hurry up and Wake up," others to "Kill the sawed-off slaves" and many announced that "Japan has aroused the anger of the Universe."

DRASTIC MEASURES

Although no call was made for either of the governors it was announced from their yamens Sunday evening that both of them had wired urging Peking to take drastic measures in regard to the Foochow question. It is very evident that the people of Kiangsi are heart and soul behind the students, and the officials are doing all they can to curry favor.

As a feature of the parade it had been planned to have the local Y. M. C. A. students march in a body, as a protest against the killing of Y. M. C. A. students at Foochow. Arrangements were being made at a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. students last Friday evening when this letter from the National Committee in Shanghai was brought in and read:

"In view of the critical hour through which the whole world is passing and more especially in view of the recent patriotic movement in China, the National Committee of the Young Men's Christian Associations of China deems it advisable to reaffirm its position with reference to political affairs.

"The Young Men's Christian Associations exist to promote the physical, educational, moral and social welfare of young men and thus to produce men of character and ability fitted and eager to serve society and the nation. The Association stands for the great Christian principles of love, justice, purity and service and is ready to co-operate actively in every reform which is religious, moral and constructive. As an organisation it is not and has never been partisan or political in its purpose or activities, and takes no part in political struggles.

STUDENT CONCLUSION

"This, however, in no sense interferes with the privilege and duty of its members as loyal citizens of China to participate in every movement affecting the welfare of the country."

It was at once decided that to carry out their plans would not be in accord with the spirit of the Y. M. C. A. and after urging each student to do his part as he saw fit the student president adjourned the meeting.

A meeting of the student's representatives called in the enthusiasm of the Sunday Foochow demonstration lasted from the breaking up of the parade at 4 o'clock until 7. The principle business in hand was a new attack on the rice export question which has finally been decided against them in spite of the many promises of many officials that no rice would be allowed to go outside the province. It is felt that rice is really needed in other provinces and they are willing that it be sent out if the ultimate consumer lives inside the republic.

The repesentatives went in a body to the Tien Chang Kung Szu, the largest rice firm here, and secured a written pledge that no rice would be sent where it might get into Japanese hands. This secured they seemed happy, but later decided that they would have the rice traced enroute by other branches of the Union, and then if they have been double crossed, . . . ?!

Many uncomplimentary things are in the air about Hsu, the rice king. It is rumored that the students are saying everywhere that they are going to "beat him up" but so far no date has been set and Mr. Hsu is not worried, at least not as badly worried as he was before he got the government to see the rice merchants' side of the question.

Provisional Bank Of Manchuria To Float Note Issue

Central Government Orders Currency Reforms In Eastern Provinces

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, December 10.—Acting upon the request of Inspector-General Chang Tso-lin and his financial advisors, the Central Government has issued instructions that the entire financial system of the Three Eastern Provinces shall be reformed. The finances of Fengtien, Kirin and Heilungkiang have been in a bad way for several years owing to the great number of provincial banks which have put out large issues of paper notes backed by very little actual security. Indeed the cure for every financial ailment in the past has been the issue of further notes, with the result that Manchuria now has the most confused and depreciated monetary system in China.

To remedy this evil Chang Tso-lin and his subordinates have been ordered to establish at the earliest possible moment a Provincial Bank of Manchuria, which is to float a note issue to the amount of $60,000,000 for the purpose of taking up the varied and depreciated issues of the many small banks in that territory. This plan, at least, gives the three provinces the advantages to be derived from a standard currency; and it is planned to stabilise the value of the new $60,000,000 issue by gradually building up a reserve of bullion for the new Provincial Bank of Manchuria.

Instructions have already been given to the Bureau of Printing and Engraving to begin work on the new Manchurian notes, which will be ready for circulation soon. Plans for the bank are likewise making satisfactory progress in Mukden, where Chang Tso-lin is giving them strong support. Hence there is reason to hope that Manchuria's much tangled finances will register some improvement.

'De Luxe Annie'

"De Luxe Annie," Norma Talmadge's latest "Select" picture, which will be shown tonight at the Apollo Theater, is vastly different from the average crook play, and, by the same token, infinitely superior. It is the story of a finely bred woman whose husband is interested in criminal psychology and who is herself transformed into a criminal by an accident. The crime she practises is the "de-luxe game," an adaptation of the old badger game in which the woman poses as a seller of de-luxe editions and inveigles some individual with a weakness for pretty girls, whereupon her male confederate breaks into the scene and blackmails the victim whom he has found in an embarrassing position with his "wife."

Norma Talmadge is especially suited for the title role in this screen drama since it calls for not only beauty, style and a high order of artistry in the star, but also for an innate intelligence and an intellectual background vouchsafed by the gods to but few of us. Miss Talmadge's performance, however—and her myriad admirers need hardly be told this—brings out every shade of emotional feeling in her portrayal of this crook part, lifting it far out of the commonplace by the force of her vivid personality as well as by the odd psychological twist of the story.

Japs Kill Chinese Convicts Fleeing Jail In Tsingtao

Police Are Equipped With Ball Cartridges—Affair Hushed Up

(China Press Correspondence)

Tsingtau, December 13.—The occasional visitor to Tsingtau during the Winter gathers the impression that the place is deadly dull but that is where he makes a mistake for there are many exciting incidents, which, however, are hushed up and carefully concealed by the Japanese authorities. No word of them is allowed to filter into the newspapers; and, in fact, to all except those in a position to obtain inside information the news would be unavailable.

The Japanese have a mania for mysteries; no one can make or keep them so effectively: their whole policy is a "Hush-hush" attitude, not only in matters of vital importance where the withholding of information from the public might be justifiable in order to avoid censure, but also in minor events which would bring no condemnation on their actions.

TSINGTAU JAIL

Under which category the latest sensation falls is not yet apparent, and it is unlikely that we shall ever be enlightened.

I gleaned the news from a strictly personal but reliable source. Tsingtau Jail was the venue; date December 11; time 7:30 p.m.; dramatis personnae, 12 Chinese convicts in their picturesque attire. The curtain is rung up on a dining-room scene; no orchestral music, simply a chorus of aforesaid 12 convicts engaged in succulent mastication of their luscious chow, one Japanese warder and one Chinese warder keeping watch over their flock and ministering to their wants with tender solicitude.

What a peaceful scene! We can picture with moist eyes their sympathetic devotion towards the poor unfortunates under their brotherly care.

But alas! Furtive glances pass round the festal board and at a given signal—presumably when the last morsel of rice had been disposed of with gusto—the ungrateful malcontents set upon their attendants, laid them out, and disarmed them.

Then, rushing out, they overpowered the sentry at the gate and decamped. Meanwhile the alarm was given, the tocsin sounded, the bugle bugled, and with the cussedest of luck for the freedom-seekers, a posse of Japanese gendarmes happened to be passing and immediately opened fire on the fleeing forms. Four were killed, three captured, four evaporated into the darkness, and one ran back into his cell, having had enough excitement for one evening.

The curtain falls on subdued house. *"Messieurs, le drame est fini."*

Up to the time of writing no news has leaked through whether the successful runners have evaded capture in the hills, to which they doubtless retired.

The point I would emphasise is this, that the Japanese police carry with them ball ammunition.

PIRATES

There are many episodes occurring here which are interesting enough to those who hear them. I might tell you a long story about a pirates junk which put into Tsingtau some time ago with startling results, but the details are rather gruesome.

Suffice it to say that after scoring many bulls-eyes they were badly beaten; 10 of the 27 Jolly Rogers were laid out, and the rest "made their get-away."

There is some mystery now afoot which the Japanese are very careful not to divulge. I myself am of opinion that grave anti-Japanese risings are feared in Shantung. At all events, the boundaries of the old German concession limits are extra well guarded by Japanese troops, and everyone passing through is rigorously examined.

INTERNATIONALISATION

The internationalisation of this Port is of the greatest importance, and every possible effort should be made to this end. To leave the place under the present, or even Chinese, control, would be calamity. The Japs are developing it considerably commercially, but they are very bad rulers.

EX-GERMAN PROPERTIES

The extraordinary action of the authorities in connection with the sale by auction of the ex-German properties, viz.: lumping 15 to 20 properties in one lot, is causing intense dissatisfaction and disgust. This scheme makes it practically impossible for any foreign firm or individual, to bid.

Is this the object of the authorities? If so, it is a slim trick and unworthy of a country which is trying to obtain a footing in the great nations.

MARINE CHANGES OF WEEK

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:—

China Merchant's Steam Navigation Conmpany—Chief officer of the Feiching, Mr. P. H. Van Muter, transferred to the Yushun; second officer of the Kwangtah, Mr. E. Gundenson, to second pilot of the Kiangteen; from home leave, Mr. W. H. S. Smith, to chief officer of the Kwangtah; second pilot of the Kiangteen, Mr. J. Webster, to second officer of the Kungping.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company—Supernumerary chief officer of the Kutwo, Mr. J. Gray, to chief officer of the Tuckwo; chief officer of the Tuckwo; Mr. J. S. Masson, sent to hospital; supernumerary second officer of the Tuckwo, Mr. D. Summons, to second officer of the Kutwo; from sick leave, Mr. C. Webb, to chief officer of the Yusang; chief officer of the Yusang, Mr. W. R. Williams, placed on reserve; from sick leave, Mr. A. Turnbull, to chief engineer of the Hopsang; chief engineer of the Hopsang, Mr. J. Stalker, placed on reserve; from sick leave, Mr. A. S. Spires, to second engineer of the Kingsing; second engineer of the Kingsing, Mr. H. J. Hudd, placed on reserve.

Fifty Passengers Here On Ecuador

Pacific Mail Liner In From San Francisco With Big Cargo

With 50 passengers, a small mail and 1,200 tons of cargo for Shanghai, the Pacific Mail Steamship Company liner Ecuador arrived here yesterday from San Francisco via Honolulu and Japan ports.

Among the Shanghai passengers were Mr. L. Everett, of Struthers and Dixon; Mrs. Albert R. Gleaves, wife of the commander in chief of the American Asiatic Fleet; Miss Gleaves, Mrs. J. M. Luby, Mrs. E. A. Poe, Mrs. Hugo Reiss and children, Mrs. Earl B. Rose, Mrs. Carl Seitz and son, Mr. Frederick A. Smith of the Chicago Tribune, Mr. C. C. Newson of the British-American Tobacco Company and Mrs. Newson, Mr. A. W. Walker of Wilcox, Hayes and Company, Mrs. Walker and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Schoenen.

Through passengers included Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Fox and Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Thompson. Messrs. Fox and Thompson are going to Manila for the Koster Company. Mr. Earle Brackett, Manila business man, Mr. M. J. Walsh of the Philippine Bureau of Health and President Louis Glass of the Philippine Telephone Company are also through passengers.

Transfusion Fails To Save Life Of Miss Frances Shaw

Miss Frances B. Shaw died at the Dr. J. B. Fearn hospital shortly after midnight today following an illiness of about one month. Death came in spite of an operation for blood transfusion to which Mr. A. P. Chase, Shanghai Manager for C. A. Andreson and Company, Incorporated, offered himself.

Miss Shaw came here from America in the summer to accept a position with Harvie, Cooke and Company and made her home with Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Chase at 122 Dixwell Road. About one month ago she was stricken with an enteric fever suggestive of cholera. After a week it was thought that the disease was checked but the patient was unable to take food and as a result became greatly weakened. Yesterday a crisis came and as a final measure blood transfusion was resorted to.

Arrangements are being made to hold the funeral from the home Friday at 3 p.m.

Oratorical Prize Money Devoted To Books By Students

(China Press Correspondence)

Nanchang, Ki., Dec. 10.—An oratorical contest came to a close last night when several hundred government and mission school students assembled at the local Y.M.C.A to hear the addresses of six students on "The Value of Physical Education to the Individual and the Nation." The contest which has been on for six weeks was originated and promoted by the physical department of the Association. It was open to all students of middle school grade and above. The regulations governing the contest provided that after the essays were prepared, orations must be delivered by the writers of the six best essays. From these prizes were awarded to the four best orators.

The judges were three members of the provincial Educational Department who listened for two hours to the student declamation. Cash prizes were awarded to She Yin-nien, Tseng Chun, and L Tung-sheng of the First Norm School and to Liao Sheng-hsi of th Methodist Nanchang Academy When asked later how they intend ed to spend the money ever student announced his intentio of buying more books.

Because of its compelling argu ments, logical arrangement an exceptional illustrations, the bes essay will be published for futur distribution.

DEATH NOTICE

SHAW.—At Dr. Fearn's Sanitarium, Frances B. Shaw in her twenty-fifth year. Funeral services will be held from her home 122 Dixwell Road, Friday at 3 o'clock.

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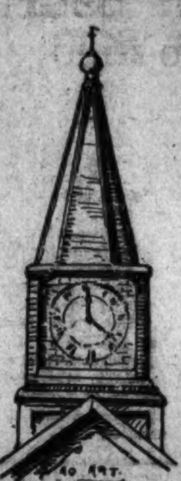

Heed the Warning
Of the Old Church Clock

WITH relentless persistence it measures off the years of life's ever-narrowing span.

All too soon the season of productivity will have passed. Is time working WITH you or AGAINST you?

If you're doing your BEST by the light of the day to improve the passing hours, TIME is working WITH you!

If you're BANKING a part of your EARNINGS as you go along, you'll have no bitter regrets in your non-productive old age.

This is the time to shape TOMORROW!
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Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

Detective Obeys Chief, Nabs Gambling Soldiers; He Is Shot, They Go Free

(China Press Correspondence)

Chengtu, November 29.—Recently some remarkable evidences of how the Government is run under a Southern regime were revealed. Of course no one discounts the ideals of the South. The pawning of the nation's securities and the corruption in many of the alleged contracts of some Northerners with a certain power cannot be vindicated by any one. But the fact that the South does not altogether run on democratic lines has been very patent in Szechuen of late.

For instance there is the resuscitated opium trade. It is flourishing again in Szechuen. Dens are everywhere in the country. At present the story is going round of twelve mule loads of the drug being delivered this month to a well known official! The quantity is perhaps an exaggeration but the delivery is believed to be a certainty.

A Hsien Magistrate, of late, sought to arrest a military officer on some charge. He himself was arrested and given a term of imprisonment. A sensation certainly.

MORE BY-PLAY

Some time ago the military had another bit of by-play and came out on top. A police detective discovered a party of officers gambling. He insisted on their going to the police office with him. They offered to "square" things but he refused. Some one 'phoned up the camp and on their arrival at the office the place was full of soldiers. The chief on the bench was in a quandary. It was at his own orders the detective had gone to hunt out gamblers, yet he manifestly could say nothing to these fellows. Besides his relations with the "powers that be" had been injured so he had his too-faithful and undiscriminating servant shot. He was too good certainly for the Government of his day and generation: the only place for him was "Kingdom come."

The chief of the Provincial police, the wayward, erratic Yang Wei, had a taste of his own sauce not so long ago. On his rounds he went to a neighboring city to see that all was going well. The military there surrounded him and took away all his guns and devolvers. Rumor has it that he had been squeezing too heavily a friend of theirs and this was their way of getting even. Yang has so much credit of being overbearing that the incident was keenly appreciated. He was in need of a takedown and he got it. But this way of running a government looks odd.

EXTRACTING GOVERNORS

Still the province remains wonderfully quiet. The two Governors, though very mediocre men, are appreciated on this account. And no one wants a change even though he favors the other party. For it is the changing itself that works mischief. As sure as the other fellow came South again the present soldiers would begin to loot and anybody with anything to lose does not want that. The extraction of a Governor is like that of a tooth. It needs a hard wrench and a lot of blood letting. Any one who has seen a Chinese doctor at the job can bear witness. So with all its inconsistencies no change is wanted unless it be hanging some of the officials responsible for bringing back the opium. They need it.

County Officials Boost Opium Move As Money Source

Fields Formerly Given Over To Wheat, Tobacco, Used For Poppy

(China Press Correspondence)

Yenping, Fukien, December 8.—Present indications are that representatives of both the Northern and Southern factions have decided to use the cultivation of poppy as a source of revenue for their respective governments.

Already in parts of Hinghwa County a considerable acreage is being planted, many of the plants already have attained a growth of two inches or more. This territory is under the control of the North. Further west in the County of Sienyu the acreage under the cultivation of poppy is even greater. The many fields usually devoted to the cultivation of wheat and tobacco are now given up to poppy. Still further west in the counties of Yungchun, Tehwa and Tatien measures are being taken by officers of the so called Southern government established there to force the people to plant poppy.

FURNISH THE SEED

Officially the traffic is denounced by proclamation but the officers are calling upon the head men of the villages in those counties and informing them that they will be expected to plant a certain number of mow in poppy. They furthermore furnish them the amount of seed required to do it and levy a seed tax. Some of the villagers offered to pay the tax but said they would not plant the seed. They were informed that such action would not be tolerated but that the seed must be planted. Thus parts of those counties where the cultivation of poppy is unknown must now undertake its cultivation.

This measure can be explained by the conditions that obtain in the counties of Yungchun, Tehwa and Tatien. For several years previous to the Civil War between the North and the South these counties were ravaged by hordes of brigands. With the fighting between the North and the South the Southern forces found it necessary to raise campaign funds locally. The protracted state of affairs have absorbed practically all the available money of the country. Business has been destroyed. The Government is hard put to find a source of revenue. In their extremity they have turned to this expedient of urging the farmers to plant poppy. The tax for seed will be only the beginning of taxes upon the crop. Others will follow. Everywhere the farmers are opposed to planting for they well know that the profits will go to the government but they must plant even if force must be resorted to on the part of the officials.

SEIZE CAMPHOR TREES

Another source of revenue adopted by the Southern army in the above three counties is the seizure of all the camphor trees and sealing them up in the name of the South. Trees that will produce thousands of dollars worth of camphor are thus taken without any return to their owners. They are sealed and distillers set to work to cut them up and distill the wood. The writer was told that within a few months there would not be left a camphor tree in those counties.

The political conditions are such that hold forth little promise. One of the counties has four military magistrates. Numerous clashes between their various followings are of frequent occurrence. The soldiers impose upon the people and there is no redress. They dare not stand for their rights.

China Political Notes From Chinese Papers

According to reports received by the Government from its agents in the Southwest, Generals Lu Yung-ting and Tsen Chun-hsuan favor the dissolution of both Parliaments. The Government, however, will be non-committal on this point. Premier Chin Yung-peng will shortly circularise the Southwest with a telegram, urging the early conclusion of peace.

General Hsu Shu-cheng, the Special Envoy for the conferring of honors on the Living Buddha, accompanied by Deputy Commissioners En Fu and Li Hua, will leave for Mongolia shortly. Both the President and the Cabinet have planned receptions to bid them farewell.

Mr. Liu Ching-jen, the newly appointed Minister to Tokio, has formally tendered his resignation.

Mr. Wang Hun-yien, the Special Commissioner to Foochow has reported that his investigation of the incident would be completed before the end of the year. He has secured certain valuable evidence which is in favor of China.

Upon learning that Bolshevists are co-operating with the Afganistan intriguers in their activities in Central Asia, the Government has telegraphed to General Yang Tseng-hsin, Tuchun of Sinkiang to strengthen the defense scheme of the Southwest.

Chinese Will Give Three Day Benefit For Athletic Park

Chin Woo Association Seeks Money For New Gymnasium And Swimming Pool

To raise $20,000 for the construction of a gymnasium and swimming pool at the newly constructed Recreation Park for Chinese, the Chin Woo Athletic Association, Baikal Road, will give a three-day entertainment at the Isis Theater commencing tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock.

Practical application of the old fashioned Chinese fencing and boxing in military training will be demonstrated and 5,000 feet of film depicting the history and activities of the association will be screened. The film was manufactured by members of the camera club of the association at a cost of $8,000.

Girls of the Ai Kuo Girls' School will stage several unique dances. Musical marches will be performed by students of the Girls' Physical Culture College. The Municipal Band, the Association Brass Band and Orchestra and the Chinese and Cantonese Musical Departments of the organisation will play.

The garden was recently opened, having been purchased by the Association at a cost of $30,000. It is self-supporting.

Student Bodies Of Tsingkiangpu Enforce Boycott

(China Press Correspondence)

Tsingkiangpu, Ku., Dec. 9.—The students here have been stirred over the Foochow affair. A general meeting of all the schools was called on December 7 attended by several thousand people. The students marched in a body through the city before going to the Public Garden where the meeting was held. Resolutions were adopted sympathising with the Foochow people, declaring for a renewal of the Japanese boycott, which was summarily stopped by the local officials last summer. Committees of the students were appointed to visit all the shops. All Japanese goods bought before a certain date are to be stamped and may be sold. Any bought after that date and unstamped will be burned. The shops are being visited and are being closely watched.

The local officials permitted the meeting, there was no disorder, the soldiers fraternised with the students, and the general public shows much approval of the students stand.

Japanese goods have been brought up the Grand Canal in large quantities all the autumn, though the merchants are careful to camouflage whenever possible. Business in general has been good as the crops are good and the demand for supplies has been steady despite the high prices.

Unwonted peace prevails through this section. The robbers are not in evidence. There is little "cover" in the country since the maize and kaoliang are cut down, and then, too, several of the most powerful of the headrobbers have been captured and executed.

Careless Watchman Causes Big Fire

(Continued from Page 1)

by Jesuit priests from all parts of China.

After the Taiping Rebellion the Jesuit Fathers at Tousewei took care of the hundreds made orphans by the rebels. These children, too, were taught manual training.

Tousewei has had a remarkable history. Boys are admitted when mere tots. For several years they are taught by the priests and brothers and by the older boys trained by the priests and brothers.

They are given an education and learn a trade. They are fed and clothed. When the boys grow older their places in the dormitory are taken by other tots and the older boys are transferred to the three-story brick building west of the dormitory which was destroyed.

The products of the Tousewei Orphanage are known all over the world. Brother Beck's exhibition at the San Francisco Exposition in 1915 won many prizes. Medals have been given the Orphanage in practically every country of Europe for work done in the well-equipped plant destroyed by the fire which started Tuesday night.

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pays toll to dust and wind
The rough, cold winds chap and roughen the skin; dry heated air draws and parches it. The constant strain under which we live—the ceaseless activity of crowded days, the constant effort, the lack of rest—all these things take daily toll of the complexion.
You can protect your complexion from the wear and tear of both summer and winter—can prevent that tired, drawn look from appearing in your face, by giving your skin the care it needs.
Apply a little Pond's Vanishing Cream when you motor or travel; rub it in lightly. This will protect the sensitive pores from grit and grime, will keep your skin free from that parched feeling that generally follows exposure to dust and dirt.
It has a wonderfully beautifying effect, and as a base for powder it is so effective that one powdering is sufficient for the whole evening.
This fragrant, dewy cream contains a skin-softening ingredient of great value, one that skin specialists recognize as most efficient in keeping the skin supple, for giving it the transparent freshness everyone admires.

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News Brevities

Captain Robert Dollar will be the speaker at the tiffin of the Rotary Club today. This will be the last tiffin of the club for the year, as the members have voted to omit the tiffins of Christmas and New Year weeks.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the American Association of China will be held in the rooms of the United States Court for China Monday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock.

* * *

The Country Club will give a tea dance today at 5 o'clock.

* * *

Officers and men of the British, American and French warships in port will be entertained at a dance to be given under the auspices of the American Women's Club at the Town Hall tonight at 9 o'clock.

* * *

There will be a subscription dance at the Country Club tomorrow night at 9:15 o'clock.

* * *

Members of the Customs Club will give a dance Saturday night at 9 o'clock.

* * *

The Captain's team will meet the Vice-captain's team of the Shanghai Junior Golf Club Sunday at the Hongkew Recreation Ground.

* * *

The maximum penalty of a $10 fine was imposed on A. J. Cowdry of 129 Siccawei Road yesterday in the British Police Court on conviction of improperly driving his motorcar on Nanking Road on December 5. Mr. Cowdry pleaded guilty, but said that he held a non-fine policy for about 27,000 miles and four years in Shanghai. Mr. J. J. Keegan gave evidence for the prosecution, which was conducted by Traffic Inspector Kinniple of the municipal police.

* * *

The Public Schools for foreign children will reopen on January 6 at 8:30 o'clock in the morning except the Thomas Hanbury School for Boys which will reopen on January 7 at 9 o'clock.

* * *

By today's Municipal Gazette, the public is notified to obtain licences from the Council for all concerts, exhibitions and entertainments to which the public are admitted. Application for the licences should be made five days before the date of the entertainment.

* * *

A special dinner will be served at the Carlton tonight to be followed by a prize dance. There will be a prize for every lady guest and diners will have the privilege of the tables in the ball room.

* * *

Emmerich Novak, Hungarian lieutenant arrested on the Empress of Russia Tuesday morning, was charged at the Mixed Court yesterday with traveling on a British shop without a passport. The case was remanded. Novak made the trip from Vladivostok to Vancouver on the Monteagle in a British uniform and was not detected until he reached Kamloops. He was then deported from Vancouver, the Japanese officials refused to permit him to land and he was arrested in Shanghai. Novak had been a prisoner of war from the time he was captured by the Russians until he escaped last October.

* * *

Three hundred dollars for Russian refugees was netted by the entertainment given at the Apollo theater last night. It was the first of a series of monthly programs to be given by the management of the theater and the Russian artists resident here.

* * *

The hearing of the claim of La Societe Maritime Francais against the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Company arising out of the burning of the Stasia was resumed yesterday in the British Supreme Court before Sir. Haviland de Sausmarez. The case for the plaintiffs was concluded.

* * *

Captain R. A. Williams, formally of the Municipal Electricity Department, is expected to return to Shanghai on Sunday.

* * *

A tea-dansant will be held at The Columbia Country Club on Sunday afternoon from 4:30 to 7:30. Harry Kerrey's orchestra will furnish the music.

* * *

Bishop Molony arrived in Shanghai from Ningpo by the steamer Hsin Peking yesterday.

* * *

Outgoing mail for America will leave Shanghai on two ships, the Empress of Russia which leaves December 27 and the Tenyo Maru on December 21. Mail for San Francisco, the southern states, Mexico and Cuba will be despatched on the Tenyo Maru which is due at San Francisco January 14. It will close at the U.S. Post Office for ordinary mail at noon at 6 p.m. the evening before. Mail for the northern and eastern states will go on the Empress of Russia, due in Vancouver January 12.

* * *

News of the death on shipboard of Mr. M. D. Howell, who with Mrs. Howell was coming to Shanghai in the interests of Montgomery, Ward and Company, was confirmed yesterday. They were passengers on the Empress of Russia and Mr. Howell's death came very suddenly, two days before the vessel reached Yokohama. Physicians aboard ship attributed his death to heart failure, brought about by too violent exercise. His body has been shipped back to America for burial.

Red Cross Strives To Relieve Problem Of Russian Prison

Eight Thousand Men Housed In Scant Space—Medical Supplies Sought

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Krasnoiarsk, Siberia, October 25.—Sheltered between red sandy cliffs in a vally that is cut in half by a river is Krasnoiarsk, as beautifully situated as Innesbrich, the pride of Austria, but in spite of the charm of its surroundings, Krasnoiarsh harbors one of Russia's greatest burdens—a military prison camp. Several miles from the center of things, in earth and stone barracks, some eight thousand men and officers are housed. So crowded are their quarters that twelve and sixteen prisoners are forced to sleep and carry on their work on in a space that is but ten by twelve feet in size. Due to the recent requisitioning by Russian military authorites, of barracks occupied by 1,250 officers and men, the quarters already housing more than either health or comfort can endure, have been stretched to accommodate those dispossessed by the urgency of war.

Thanks to the sanitary precautions taken by the prisoners themselves, the physical condition of the men is fairly good. Typhus thus far, has been escaped but the other plague of overcrowded living quarters and impure air claims some seventy percent of the patients in the prison hospital, not counting those who are able to go about and a hospital for the care exclusively of tuberculosis, has been the camp's great need.

PRISONERS ORGANISE

To sustain themselves through the years of their confinement, small industrial groups have been formed and recently brought under the control of a Camp Industries Committee to which the smaller groups pay a general camp welfare fund of 5 percent on materials coming into the camp and 10 percent on manufactured goods going out. About two hundred men and officers are employed in the shops under the management of the Industrial Committee and 1,800 work in their rooms. In addition there are twenty-five representatives in the town who purchase the raw materials and sell the articles manufactured in the camp. The Committee runs the baths, laundry, bakery, cigarette factory pottery plant, stables, etc. The laundry stables and bakery are for the common good of the camp, and men who look after them are paid from six to ten roubles a day.

Because of the insurrection of Russian troops housed with the prisoners last summer, the prisoners have been credited with Bolshevik sympathies by the Russian authorities and in consequence have lost much of their independence. The industrial Committee has had great difficulty in securing passes for the men who do the camp industries buying and selling. Graft has resulted and it is suspected that some of the prisoners have bought passes for themselves or outside concerns desirous of securing skilled labor have used bribery to secure passes for the men desired. As a result there is great dissatisfaction among the men who are working for the common good.

CIVILIAN PRISONERS

In addition to the military prison camp at Krasnoiarsk, there is a camp of civilian war prisoners where about five hundred men, women and children are confined. The morale is very low and the unbalanced mental condition of most of the men is pitiably obvious.

The wood situation in the camp is critical but the prisoners are well organised to cut their own wood if the government will allow them 300,000 roubles to equip the men who do the cutting and hauling. The Government is supposed to make an allowance of 2,000,000 roubles for wood supply but the prisoners are willing to help themselves for the sake of being prepared before the weather becomes unbearably cold.

The American Red Cross has been rendering assistance to the camp by gifts of medical supplies and by furnishing the much needed equipment for the tubercular hospital. In a report received from the American Red Cross officer in charge of the distribution, he said:

"The effect of our giving the equipment for the tubercular hospital was the most noticeable experience I have gone through in a long time. If we can continue to supply the most urgent medical needs to the sick and comparatively small clothing needs to the invalids, we will do much to keep this great group of men sane through the coming winter.

Students Deny Report Of Police Opposition Here

The Students' Union and the Shanghai Commercial Federation deny that the French police propose to interfere with the activities of these organisations. Reports have been circulated about the city that pressure is being brought by the Peking authorities to suppress patriotic movements, but officers of the institutions say they are unfounded.

The only instance which occasioned a police interference, it is learned, was when a certain Chinese organisation in Frenchtown issued a call to arms, which was circulated among the military officers throughout the Republic inviting them to adopt a policy of preparedness in case Japan continued to encroach upon the sovereignty of their nation.

VOLUNTEER CORPS

Upon the recommendation of the Commandant, the commissions of the following are authorised for renewal, it is announced in the Municipal Gazette today.

Reserve of Officers.—Lieut. S. B Neill, from June 1, 1919.

Chinese Company.—Lieut. T. A Zee, from September 16, 1919.

Japanese Company.—Capt. T Yamauchi, from December 12, 1919

Customs Company.—Capt. H. D. Hilliard, from December 12, 1919.

Reserve of Officers.—Upon the recommendation of the Commandant the promotion of Lieut. A. J. Stewart to be Captain is authorised.

Leave is granted to Captain A. J Stewart from January 5, 1920 to August 30, 1920.

S.V.C. American Co.

COMPANY ORDERS No. 484
ATTENDANCE

(a) It is the intention to exact punctual attendance of all ranks at all formations during the present drill season.

(b) Absences may be excused upon application to the company commander on account of sickness, absence from Shanghai, or occasionally, on account of business pressure.

(c) Unexcused absences will be immediately referred to the discipline and regulations Committee for energetic action.

(d) It is intended to have an efficient company even at the hazard of a reduction of the paper strength.

(e) Tardiness at formations will result in only half credit for that particular drill.

COMPANY ORDERS No. 485
GATLING GUN SECTION

(a) The Gatling gun platoon of the American Company composed of two guns will, from this date, be organised as follows: Sgt. Bradley, commanding. Pvts. Alexander, Bowman, Coleman, Canda, Engstrom, French, Irvin, Ollerdessen, Marsden, Rowe, J. E. Rider, Schlobohm, Stewart. Sgt. Bradley will be responsible for the instruction and discipline of these men in connection with their duties with the guns.

(b) The personnel of these guns, will in future be made up of volunteers from the Company, who show the highest proficiency as soldiers.

(c) When not on service with the guns, men named in the personnel of gatling gun platoon will serve with regular platoon as per the company squadding list.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 479
ASSIGNMENTS

Pvt. Bowman is assigned as acting corporal third squad during absence, on leave, of Cpl. Corkery.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 480
DISCHARGES

The following men have been honorably discharged:

Pvt. Vanderbeek expiry of enlistment.

Pvt. Stevenson expiry of enlistment.

Pvt. Pondey removal from Shanghai.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 481
ENLISTMENTS

The following men are recorded as enlisted and are directed to report to Lieut. Ashley, China Realty Company, for instructions:

Pvt. Irvin. R. S.—Andersen, Meyer and Co. Phone. C. 778, 171 Bubbling Well Road, Phone. W. 1001.

Pvt. Alexander D. N.—International Bank. Phone. C. 382, 25 Whangpoo Road, Phone. N. 2247.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 482
LEAVE

The following leaves have been granted:

Lieut. Ashley from December 2 to December 11, 1919.

Sgt. Porterfield from November 18 to November 25, 1919.

Cpl. Smith from November 25 to January 31, 1920.

L.-Cpl. Corkery from November 28 to January 1, 1920.

Pvt. Perry from November 19 to December 18, 1919.

Pvt. E. A. Turner from November 18 to December 2, 1919.

Pvt. Fitch from November 19 to December 1, 1919.

Pvt. Harr from November 12 to December 19, 1919.

Pvt. McRae from November 5 to December 7, 1919.

Sick Leave: Pvt. Schwartz November 14 until further orders.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 483
RETURN TO DUTY

Pvt. Coleman has reported for duty November 19, 1919.

Note:

(1) Change of Address.—The following changes have been noted:

Pvt. Wilkins.—Bus. The Wilkins Bros. and Co. 4 Canton Road, Phone. C. 1859. Res. 25 Ave. Edward VII. Phone. C. 1930.

(2) Attention is invited to the all-comers revolver championship fired during December at the Shanghai Rifle and Revolver Club.

(Signed) S. A. Ransom, Captain,
Commanding American Co.,
S.V.C.

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Private Exchange to all Depts.

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Contains: CAFFEINE 2.5 gr. TANNIN 2.4 gr.
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Contains: NEITHER CAFFEINE, TANNIN, OR ANY OTHER HARMFUL DRUG.

Any analytical chemist can prove by analysis, that coffee contains two harmful drugs—

Caffeine—an alkaloid that irritates the heart, liver and kidneys, and upsets the nerves.

Tannin—a drug which produces an astringent action upon the tissues of the stomach and bowels.

But the greatest test of all is made in thousands of homes where it is daily proven by personal experience that headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heart irritation and nervousness are very often caused by coffee drinking.

An ordinary cup of coffee contains about 2½ grains of caffeine, and 2-2/5 grains of tannin.

Some coffee concerns have tried in various ways—without much success—to rid coffee of its caffeine, because they know its harmful effects. Now they are agitated because people are objecting to the presense of tannin in coffee—the same element (but obtained from bark) that is used to tan leather.

The simple, easy way out of coffee troubles is to quit this harmful beverage and use the pure food-drink

INSTANT POSTUM

It is absolutely free from these drugs or any harmful substance. Made only from prime wheat (roasted) and a small percent of molasses. Instant Postum contains the rich, nutritious values of the grain—is a genuine food-drink.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder. A teaspoonful stirred in a cup of hot water, with cream and sugar, makes a delightful beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

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MULLER, PHIPPS & HODGES
38, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

FOOCHOW REPORT MADE AT PEKING

Sino-Japanese Negotiations Taken Up In Statement Of Acting Minister

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, Dec. 12.—At yesterday's session of Parliament Chen Lu, the Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs, appeared before the Lower House to reply to an interpellation regarding the Sino-Japanese negotiations on the Foochow incident and made the following statement:

"The Government received a telegraphic report from Tuchun Li Hou-chi on November 17 with regard to the incident, and the Foreign Office addressed a note to the Japanese Legation on November 20, to which a reply was received the following day.

"On the 27th the Foreign Office lodged a formal protest with the Japanese Minister. The Japanese Minister has made two calls at the Foreign Office since the incident occurred, and Foreign Office officials have been sent to the Japanese Legation on several occasions to discuss the case with Mr. Obata.

"Mr. Chen Lu added that, although China's military weakness made it difficult for her to adjust her diplomatic problems satisfactorily, he believed that China's just cause would in this case prevail and that the Foochow Incident would be settled to the satisfaction of the Chinese people.

With regard to the extension of boycott activities as a result of the Foochow affair the Japanese Minister is understood to have stated informally to the Foreign Office that the convocation of citizens' meetings and the organisation of the boycott against Japanese goods and banknotes are likely to cause serious damage to Japanese merchants and other classes of the Japanese community in China, and that in the circulars handed out by the students and people's societies there are expressions which amount to an insult to the Imperial Japanese Government.

The Foreign Office is, accordingly, requested to give satisfactory assurances that the Government will neither encourage the boycott movement nor permit insulting statements concerning the Japanese Government and people to be spread abroad.

Unclaimed Telegrams

Eastern Extension Tel. Co., Ltd.

November

17.—Framboise—London.
24.—A Martin, Hotel France—Paris.
24.—Laolam—care Nanyang—Saigon.
28.—Toochang Steamship Company—Singapore.
29.—Tungshunkee Yeefai—Colombo.
30.—Pacific Trading Company—London.

December

2.—Bellomaeff 30 Route Pichon—Bruxelles.
6.—Superfine—Sydney.
6.—Fung Tai Company Kiangseeroad—Copenhagen.
8.—Styx—Penang.
10.—Tyeleeliam Soochow University—Penang.
10.—Manager—Tsingtau.
11.—Tensien—Dairen.
11.—Uwankuen c/o Taklee shop N. Szechuen Road—Hongkong.
12.—Steckmest—Shameen.
12.—Guankee—Singapore.
13.—Shanghaiov—Amsterdam.
13.—Tungchong—Hongkong
13.—Chin Steng Loowan Rue Petit—Singapore.
16.—Louglem—Chefoo.

Commercial Pacific Cable Co.

December

13.—Indochin, Shanghai—New York.
13.—Bryan Waite Getz, Shanghai—New York.
16.—Abrakom, Shanghai—New York.
17.—Vanwagenen Hweiffong, Shanghai—New York.
17.—Daryaoco, Shanghai—Cincinnati.
17.—Georges Krupsky Consulruss, Shanghai—Chicago.
17.—James E. Burke Hestehov, Shanghai—Chicago.

French School Girls Win From Convent

Basketball Game Ends In 16-10 Victory Over St. Joseph's Team

The French School girls basketball team continued its victory streak yesterday afternoon at Verdun Gardens when they defeated the girls from St. Joseph's Convent by a score of 16-10 in a close game featured by the playing of Miss Ada Haimovitch of the winners. The two teams will meet again Saturday at the Verdun Gardens, the match starting at 2:30 o'clock.

The teams:

French Schools, (16):—Marie Mendel, lf; Ada Haimovitch, rf; Annie Gensburger, c; Marjorie Serebrianokoff, c; Irenie White, lg; Emily Abeles, rg.

St. Joseph's (10):—Frances White, rf; Agatha Senna, lf; Gladys Gundry, c; Elizabeth Tatlock, c; Violet Hamilton, rg; Alice Sharples, lg.

Referee—Miss Arra Woods.

Umpire—Miss F. M. White.

Rowing Club League

Four basketball teams have been organised by members of the Shanghai Rowing Club and staged their first games Tuesday night when Haskell's five humbled Price's outfit and Hoenig's team defeated Kline's. Two more tilts are scheduled tonight at 5:30 o'clock. Haskell's pack will meet Kline's and Price's team hooks up with that of Hoenig. New men coming out will be assigned to one of the squads.

Returned Laborers To Organise Here

Veterans From Europe Will Form Society In Shanghai

Chinese laborers returned from war service in Europe will form a society in Shanghai for promoting labor interests in China, according to announcement yesterday by the President of the Belgian Chinese Labor Union, Mr. Shah Chi-fung. When the workmen were in France and Belgium, two unions were organised respectively in Rouen and Poperingh, to which all the 145,000 Chinese laborers in Europe belonged.

These unions undertook to care for the educational development of the Chinese. As most of the laborers have now returned to China, the executive officers of the two unions feel that an organisation in China is necessary. Mr. Shah has headquarters at the Chinese Y.M.C.A.

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following changes in the municipal staff are announced in today's municipal gazette:

Police Department.—Long leave is granted to Inspector J. Burnside from January 1, 1920.

Public Works Department.—Long leave is granted to Inspector M. McLennan from May 10, 1920.

Educational Department.—Mrs. Newcomb, temporary assistant mistress in the Public School for Boys, is permitted to terminate her service on December 31.

Mr. J. J. Pope is appointed assistant master in the Public School for Boys under agreement from December 2.

Mr. W. H. S. Hatten, assistant master on probation in the Public School for Boys, is transferred to be temporary assistant master in the Public School for Chinese from December 3.

Secretariat.—Captain S. H. Lewis is appointed assistant secretary under agreement from December 6.

Revenue Office.—Long leave is granted to collector D. Sullivan from April 1, 1920.

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Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Messrs. H. P. Wadman, S. Yorke, Bishop Molony.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangyu from Hankow: Dr. Saudin, (French navy); from Nanking: Miss Chase, Mr. and Mrs. B. Wagenen, Mr. Jobst.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from Hankow: Master Starling.

Per I-C. s.s. Luenho from Hankow: Mrs. Bruce, Mrs. Wiggins, Mr. Wiggins, Messrs. Day, Clements, Burghalter, Fraser, Canoll, Ritchie, Mrs. Stone.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru from Japan: Mr. and Mrs. David Crockett Graham and 3 children, Miss I. Hankins, Miss M. K. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. Uchiyama and child, Messrs. Matsunaga, Koizumi, Terada, Fujimoto, Tsuji, Suzuki, Murakami, Ikeda.

Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza from Vladivostok: Messrs. Koochpack, Feldman, Reid, Tarasoff, Donnel, Dokuchaeff, Reipoloff, Karl, Denis Harble, Bay, Martin, Astredinoff Feldman, Mayanin, Milevsky, Novy, Martichka, Ruochko, Gurman, Tsabadze, Tragani, Hamitsky, Bulat, Troinda, Matulaidis, Solovieff, Gumeniuk, Shild, Eolf, Sareksan Mesdames Kraevsky, Dokuchaeff Staheeff, Verbitsky, Staheeff and child, Overin, Overin, Kozubsky Koltsoff, Koltsoff, Kryloff, Smirnoff, Troinda, Galatoff.

Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador from San Francisco: Mrs. G. Duclos, Mrs. E. Grooms, Mrs. A. and Miss E. Gleaves, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hogg, Mrs. R. Keesey, Mr. and Mrs. V. H. Lyman, Mrs. J. M. Luby, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Newson, Misses P. I. Newson, A. D. Soble, F. Stieff, M. West, Mrs. E. A. Poe, Mrs. C. B. Potwin, Mrs. H. Reiss, and infant, Miss H. and Master B. Reiss, Mrs. E. B. and Miss H. L. Rose, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Scheonen, Mrs. C. Seitz, Master C. Seitz, Mrs. M. Sorenson, Mr. and Mrs. G. Volckaert, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Walker, Messrs. L. Everett, H. P. Gallop, J. E. Gardiner, Yng Kao, Sun Chun-lee, A. McGee, J. Nevel, A. Patopoff, S. Pantelieff, R. Shively, F. A. Smith, W. L. Wadleigh, R. H. Wadleigh; through passengers for Manila: Mrs. S. J. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Judson, Miss F. Robling, Dr. and Mrs. R. R. Syquia, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Thomson, Masters A. C. and L. Thomson, Miss L. Thomson, Messrs. H. Arnemann, E. Brackett, C. Davidson, H. J. Eddo, V. W. Goff, N. Glovine, T. D. Malari, Z. H. Pritchard, E. A. Taplin, M. J. Walsh; for Hongkong: Misses F. Cartwright, M. McCoy, E. Stockdale, R. Renshaw, E. Spaulding, M. Thistle, S. M. Weyer, Mrs. G. R. Colburn, Mrs. E. Dunlap, Misses E. and C. Frieder, Mr. M. Mrieder, Mrs. F. Heaney, Mr. and Mrs. C. Henriques, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lafferty, Mrs. M. Lobb, Mrs. J. G. Strean, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Slot, Master S. Slot, Mrs. B. M. Webb, Messrs. L. Glass, H. W. Logan, A. J. Oakley, Chen Shingshung, H. P. Smith, W. A. Tsang, W. B. Walsh, J. E. Wiesenfluh, S. Yahia.

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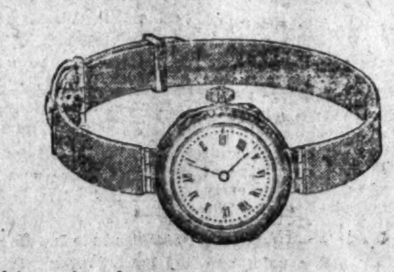

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Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Sundstrand Adding & Listing Machine
Barrett Adding-Listing-Computer
Golden Gem Adders
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

ALUMINUM WARE
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.
Willits & Patterson

ANESTHETICS
Procaine (Novocain)
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.

BALL BEARINGS
The Chinese SKF Co., Ltd.

BANDAGES, CREPE PAPER
Denniston's
American Trading Co.

BEER
Asahi Beer
The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

BELTING
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American Trading Co.
Gandy Belting Co. (Baltimore)
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
John Tullis & Son, Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T.E.M.A.

BOILERS
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American Trading Co.

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The Century Co., (Miscellaneous);
E. J. Clode Pub. Co., (Miscellaneous);
Dodd Mead & Co. (Miscellaneous);
G. H. Doran & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Doubleday, Page & Co. (Sets & Miscell.);
Funk & Wagnalls (New Standard Dictionary Literary Digest New 10 vol "History of the World War." Self-help English books.)
The Grolier Society (The Book of Knowledge)
Grossett & Dunlap, (Popular fiction);
Harper Bros. (Sets & Miscellaneous);
Houghton, Mifflin & Co (Miscellaneous);
Laird & Lee, Inc., (Diaries);
Little, Brown & Co., (Miscellaneous);
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Yale University Press
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American Book Company, New York
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Macmillan & Co., London
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International Library of Technology
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Gillette Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

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Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialties Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

BUILDING MATERIALS
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Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ld.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

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Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUTTER
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International Correspondence Schools
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American Trading Co.

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Willits & Patterson
Roneo Duplicator & Copier
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Rotary & Modern Duplicators
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

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China Mutual Trading Co.
Grasselli-Bayer
Sonn Brothers Co.
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle
J. Merian, 11 Av. Edouard VII.
Sunset Soap Dyes
American Trading Co.
Newport Chemical Works
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
Hd. Office for China, 14 Canton Rd.

ELECTRICAL DEVICES.
Anylite Electric Co. (Dimmers)
China Investment & Trading Co.
Gant & Co., Ltd., (Electric Clocks)
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Duncan Electrical Co.
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Ashida Engineering Co., Ltd
Belden Mfg. Co. (Wires & Cables)
Luminous Unit Co. (Brascolite)
Hart & Hegeman Mfg. Co. (Wiring Devices)
Lax Mfg. Co. (Nitrogen Lamps)
Niagara Searchlight Co. (Flashlights)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T.E.M.A.

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American Trading Co.
Marco Light
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Siemens Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Uniletric Corp. (Unit Electric Plants)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.

ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
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ENGINES, GAS & OIL
Nelson Bros. Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Wolverine Marine Motors
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Ruston—T. E. M. A.
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Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
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Slack & Brownlow, Ltd.
Mustard & Co.

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Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Fyre—Fyter Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Pyrene Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co.
Hollandin—T. E. M. A.

FLOOR PRESERVATIVES
Truscon Laboratories
American Trading Co.

GLASS
Hires Turner Glass Co.
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Pilkington Bros., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

GRAMOPHONES
Cortina Languages Outfits
Chung Hwa Book Co., Ltd.
The New Edison Phonograph,
J. A. S. Alves, 1a Jinkee Rd.

HARDWARE
Russel & Irwin Mfg. Co.,
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialties Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
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News and Views in the World of Books

Kermit Roosevelt's Story Of Mesopotamia In The War

War In The Garden Of Eden. By Kermit Roosevelt. Illustrated from photographs by the author. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons.

Readers of Kermit Roosevelt's "War in the Garden of Eden" will enjoy a vivid record of the dramatic Mesopotamian campaign as well as many interesting pages of narrative comment on the peoples and places that made the "cradle of the world" so picturesque. But the outstanding feature of the book, with which they will be more impressed, is the author's unconscious revelation of the two dominant traits of his personality, his scholarship and his modesty.

As a Captain in the Motor Machine Gun Corps of the British Expeditionary Forces, Kermit Roosevelt fought on the Tigris front, did dangerous reconnoisance work and took part in skirmishes along the Kurdish front and was in the advances on the Euphrates and the attack on the Persian lines. Later, after being transferred to the American Army as a Captain of field artillery, he was in the thick of the Argonne fighting. Yet nowhere in his book does he picture the danger he faced. When he refers to any engagement in which he took part it is in an offhand, impersonal way that does not suggest that the author gathered his impressions under fire. For example: "Our artillery did some good work, but while we were waiting to attack we suffered rather heavily. We had to advance over a wide stretch of open country to reach the Turkish first lines. By nightfall the second line of trenches was practically all in our hands. . . . Our casualties during the day had amounted to about two thousand." That's all there is to his description of the storming and capture of Tekrit. Surely no author who gave a somewhat more detailed account of that advance over open ground in the face of enemy fire could be accused of blowing his own horn.

Similar omission of personal experience characterises his account of the part the played on the western front. "Soon after the termination of my period of instruction I was in command of C Battery of the 7th Field Artillery in the Argonne fighting." Not a line of description o the hell faced by the American troops of the 1st Division in that offensive follows anywhere in the book. Nothing is said of the danger faced, the sleep lost, and the food gone without by Captain Roosevelt. He does let drop the fact that a bath he had at Bouligny after the armistice was the first he had enjoyed for over a month. He mentions being in the shell-ridden town of Landers et St. George, but marks his presence there only because it was in that place that he met his elder brother, "Ted," and his brother-in-law, Colonel Richard Derby. In connection with the latter, he comments: "Once when Colonel Derby introduced me to General Lajeune, who was commanding his division (the 2nd), the General, instead of making some remark about my father, said: 'I shall always be glad to meet a relative of a man with Colonel Derby's record.'"

At various points throughout the book we are surprised to learn that young Roosevelt is familiar with Portuguese, Swahili, Arabic, French, and Spanish. His repeated references to history and literature bear testimony to his broad scholarship as convincing as his matter-of-fact descriptions of the captures of Daur, Tekrit, Haditha, Ana, Kifri, and Kirkuk are to his courage.

Not even in the stress of warfare did Kermit Roosevelt give over his voracious reading. During a halt in the march against Daur he pulls a copy of "Vingt Ans Apres" out of his pocket. In the captured town he reads Xenophon's "Anabasis" and Plutarch's "Lives." Voltaire's "Charles XII." and Layard's "Early Adventures" occupy his free moments during exciting patrol duty around Babylon. Waiting for the attack on Haditha he reads Disraeli's "Tancrid"; in the lulls of the advances against Kifri and Kirkuk he resorts to Camoens's "Lusiad" and "David Harum" for entertainment. At a banquet in the desert town of Zobeir, when the speeches become too long-winded, he surreptitiously slips a handy volume out of his pocket. While marching into Germany after the armistice and to relieve the tedium of garrison duty there he turns to Gibbons' "Rise and Fall," Flaubert's "Education Sentimentale," Borrows's "Zincali" and the Oxford books of French and English verse.

"War in the Garden of Eden" is full of intimate glimpses of famous men like Generals Maude and Allenby, and sketches of picturesque characters like "Banjo" Paterson and Colonel Lawrence. It is crammed with anecdotes rich in human interest; the author tells how he acted as a volunteer stoker while passing through the Red Sea on his way out to Mesopotamia, of the Christmas feast he arranged for his men with money sent him by his father for the purpose, of Jacob Astor, milliner of Berncastel, of using the tomb of the Roman Emperor Julian as an observation post, of evenings spent in Arab coffee houses and bazaars and of his amusement in watching the officers of the Japanese destroyer which brought him back to Europe eating fried eggs with chop sticks.

The book is well illustrated with photographs taken by the author and with a map showing the region of Mesopotamia where the fighting took place. A drawing of the author, made by John S. Sargent, serves as a frontispiece. The dedication of the book reads, "To the memory of my father."

Books For Out-Of-Door Folk

Wasp Studies Afield. By Phil and Nellie Rau. Princeton University Press. 372pp. Ill. G. $2.

This book deserves a hearty welcome as a nature study and as a fine example of book-making. The authors give the results of four years' study of those marvelous and highly developed insects, the wasp. They tell how they work and play, build and burrow, their elaborate arrangements for providing food for their offspring, and describe their curious sun-dance. Dr. William H. Wheeler, Professor of Economic Entomology at Harvard University, says in the introduction: "The solitary wasps comprise some 10,000 described species scattered over the torrid and temperate regions of the globe. No other group of insects have so fascinated and baffled the student of animal behavior, the psychologist and the philosopher." The excellent illustrations were made from sketches executed in the field by Dr. Gustave Dahms.

* * *

Our Winter Birds. By Frank M. Chapman. D. Appleton & C. 180pp. Ill. G. $1.

Lovers of birds may take this book with them to the country secure in the knowledge that most of these winter birds are resident with us all the year. Chapman describes each species and their habits and suggests ways to attract them and make them our friends. Many illustrations and a page of colored plates are given in order to make identification easy. Rustic sheltered feeding stations are recommended for winter birds. The author writes that he once knew of a number of mocking birds that survived a northern winter as guests at a bird-lover's lunchcounter. Dr. Chapman is Curator of Ornithology in the American Museum of Natural History.

* * *

Touring Afoot. By C. P. Fordyce. Macmillan. 167pp. G. $1.

A pocket handbook that initiates the novice into the delights of real road tramping, and gives all instructions necessary for the maintenance of health and comfort on walking tours. A list of articles for the tramper's traveling kit is given in an appendix.

* * *

Swimming and Watermanship By L. de B. Handley. Macmillan. 150pp. Ill. G. $1.

There is no other exercise that brings so great a reward in health as swimming. This handbook is most excellent for beginners, since swimming is as much a matter of mental control and knowledge of correct strokes in the early stages, as of physical effort. The various strokes as practised by experts, high diving, springboard diving, floating water polo, and life-saving are covered in the chapters. The author was captain of the New York Athletic Club's Olympic Swimming Team in 1904.

* * *

Practical Bait-Casting. By Larry St. John. Macmillan. 181pp. G. $1.

This is the first book to be published on practical bait-casting. Heretofore, it has been considered impossible to make good bait-casters by instruction; they had to be born. Mr. St. John hopes that the "old hands" will not be too critical of the volume, since he is "blazing a trail." The rod, reel, line, tackle, baits, and the difficult art of casting are described in a practical way. Mr. St. John says: "The camaraderie, the sunshine, the fresh air, and the work of bait-casting make up one way to cheat Father Time and keep our youth and enthusiasm."

* * *

Little Tales of Common Things. By Inez N. McFee. Crowell. 300pp. G. $1.25.

A most attractive book for vacation reading, both for boys and girls and for grown-ups. By means of a breezy, conversational method, the author gives the facts about the objects we encounter in everyday life—needles, silk, cotton, buttons, tea, coffee, rubber, etc. There are also engaging stories of bees, Indian basketwork, sponges, coal, salt-licks, stars, and grasshoppers—a delightful miscellany that will satisfy the most eager inquisitive child-mind.

* * *

Echoes of the Forest. By William Edgar Brown. Badger. 264 pp.

Beautiful legends of the American Indians retold in pleasant verse. Mr. Brown is also the author of "Indian Legendary Poems" and "Songs of Cheer."

* * *

Gas, Gasoline and Oil Engines. By A. Frederick Collins. Appleton. Ill. 207pp. G. $1.25.

Here is a handbook that every motorist who is not a skilled mechanician should carry with him on tours to study at odd moments. Also, as gas, gasoline and oil engines are replacing all other kinds of prime movers where small units are used, and are already indispensable to the home and the work-shop, everyone—men, women, boys, and girls—should be familiar with the workings of these engines and know how to run them.

A Hero Of The Yakimas

Splaun, A. J. Ka-mi-akin, The Last Hero Of The Yakimas. Pp. xii-435. Privately printed, Portland, Oregon.

Americans of this sort, embodying memories of men and events from the early fifties of last century, are none too abundant. They constitute a source for future historians that we can ill afford to miss. The author was born in Missouri in 1845, crossed the plains to Linn County, Oregon, in 1851 left home in 1860, and went to the Yakima country in 1861 to engage in the cattle business. He became a fancy breeder of cattle in 1887 then was active in a dressed-beef and packing company at Tacoma and was a factor in politics and business in Washington territory and State till 1915. A typical, self reliant pioneer, he was brought into intimate connection with the Indians of the region, and was at the time of his death the one survivor able to tell from intimate experience the story of Chief Ka-mi-akin and of the events which occurred under Governor Stevens' regime and the Indian wars of 1856 and the following years.

The Yakima hero who gives the title-name was born of a Nez Perce father and a Pishwanwappam mother. Because his father took a second wife, his mother left his wigwam, returned with her son to her people, and the boy grew up to be the leader of what he knew to be a vain effort to check the advance of the whites into the territories of the extreme Northwest. But the tale deals not only with this tribally patriotic Indian, but with the entire settlement of that great and prolific region with its fine agricultural future, its mines, and its salmon fisheries. It lays bare many of the astounding errors and even atrocities of our former Indian policy. But on the better side it describes the military occupation and gradual settling of the vast territory, the growth of wealth and its change in form from that of cattle to agriculture, mining, and the rise of commerce and industries. Throughout after the first few chapters, the running thread is that of personal experience, with a world of adventure and hair-breadth escapes. But the total significance of all that was meanwhile taking place never escapes the author. His service in the legislature and in places like that of Live Stock Commissioner to the Pan-American Exposition gave him historical and social perspective. The narrative is plain and straightforward, in short chapters, easy to follow, entirely lacking in ostentation. The widow is the publisher. The volume is attractively bound in limp morocco.

Are you looking at China or only at your Compradore's Office?

THE manager of a potentially important foreign firm recently made the statement that he had lived in Shanghai for eight years and in that time had been outside of Shanghai but once and that was to take a trip to the United States. This man has little more information regarding real conditions in China than the ricsha coolie who pulls him back and forth from his office to his hotel. The entire business of the firm in question comes from its compradore and so long as it keeps up the manager is satisfied. He has never stopped to think what might happen if his compradore should resign and enter the employ of a competing firm. The only way to build a big business in China that will live and prosper is to make a serious study of China. China is a commodity market. China consumes a little of everything that the West produces and she consumes great quantities of certain articles that appeal to the Chinese people, or that the Chinese people may be taught to desire.

Up to the time **MILLARD'S REVIEW** was established early in 1917, many attempts had been made to establish a NATIONAL MAGAZINE in China—a publication in the English Language that would reach that group of foreigners and English-reading Chinese who are scattered all over the interior parts of China and who are constantly working for the development of the country. These attempts had always resulted in failure chiefly for the reason that the management (like the business man noted above) had failed to visualize China—had failed to see the whole country in its almost unlimited possibilities. Since its first day of publication this **REVIEW** has had CHINA in mind, not Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Canton, Hongkong, or Hankow, "North or South" but the best interests of the entire country.

This main idea combined with a liberal policy of optimism toward the future of China, and an almost unlimited amount of hard work and advertising has brought to this **REVIEW** in the short space of three years a NATIONAL CIRCULATION in China. Between 15,000 and 20,000 Chinese and foreigners read this journal every week. In addition to the actual readers of the **REVIEW**, practically every Chinese newspaper of consequence translates and reprints its leading articles. The Chinese and foreigners who subscribe for **MILLARD'S REVIEW** live in the following cities and provinces of China. Glance at this list and then at your map and you will realise just how well China is covered.

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MISSIONARIES NAME DELEGATES TO STUDY PROBLEMS OF CHINA

SETTLE DOWN TO CHIEF BUSINESS AT SECOND MEET

Members Assigned Tasks Will Report Today To Conference

With the organisation of seven commissions for detailed study of missionary problems the "China for Christ Conference" got down to its principal business in its sessions yesterday. These commissions, which will bring in their reports today, are as follows:

Spiritual Life. C. Y. Cheng, M. M. McKenzie, chairmen; R. Anderson, A. Berg. A. Bryson, Miss Cable, H. T. Chen, Charles Fairclough, Fong F. Sec., Miss Garland, W. H. Geller, Miss Wood, G. W. Gibb, Dr. Joseph King, J. W. Lowrie, Mrs. M. Y. Mei, Miss S. C. Nieh, T. F. Pan, Swen Hung-en, E. G. Tewksbury, G. Tonner.

Missionary Spirit. Miss Ruth Paxson, Lindell Tseng, chairmen; E. H. Ballou, Y. M. Chia, L. T. Chen, Chou Chi-kao, A. J. Fisher, T. Gaunt, W. E. Hoy, Miss King, C. N. Lack, Miss Lambert, Li Dzung-tan, W. MacNaughton, W. O. Pye, W. F. Ridley.

Systematic Giving. M. K. Chou, Miss M. White, chairmen; Ni Liang-pin, George L. Davis, Mrs. Hamilton, E. James, Li Pen-yuan, W. B. Paton, Shen Wen-ching, Jas. Stark, Mrs. Tsao, Tsao Hsin-sheng.

ORGANISATION

Leadership Cultivation. Z. T. Kaung, J. L. Stuart, chairmen; A. Baxter, Y. H. Chang, W. H. Hockman, T. T. Liu, J. W. Nichols, C. L. Ogilvie, W. S. O'Neill, K. L. Reichelt, Miss E. Shaw, Miss Sui Wang, Miss Katie Woo, H. Y. Lee.

Social and Moral Welfare. Y. Y. Tsu, F. Rawlinson, chairmen; Mrs. AnBen, J. S. Burgess, Chang Fu-liang, Dr. C. J. Davenport, C. W. Harvey, George Hsu, A. R. Keplar, T. Z. Koo, Ku Te-en, T. F. Lee, Lin Te-yu, Ma Wen-chang, C. C. Nieh, Miss Wells, Dr. Wu Hsuan-ming.

Publicity. Dr. J. Y. Lee, P. Hutchinson, chairmen; Chen Chwen-sheng, Hsu Pao-chien, Li Lu-te, Chung Mei-lien, D. MacGillivary, J. Speicher, Tong Tsing-en, Y. K. Woo.

Organisation. Bishop Molony, Liu Fang, chairmen; P. R. Abbott, J. H. Blackstone, G. W. Bondfield, Miss Grace Coppock, F. D. Gamewell, Liu Ju-kang, L. I. Moffatt, J. W. Nipps, J. T. Proctor, C. G. Sparham, Bishop White, David Z. T. Yui.

DR. CHENG SPEAKS

Before these commissions commenced their work they were addressed by the secretaries of the China Continuation Committee, Dr. C. Y. Cheng and the Rev. E. C. Lobenstine. Speaking on the questions, "Is a united forward movement of the Christian forces in China at this time practicable? If so, what form should such a movement take?" Dr. Cheng said:

"In the days of Morrison faith expressed itself in patience, perseverance and strong hope for better and happier days. Today it is to be expressed in boldness of action and in a daring spirit, as that famous missionary hero said long ago, "to attempt great things for God and expect great things from God."

"Dr. Eddy was right when he said, during his recent visit to China "that politically China has never been so dark as it is today but spiritually never so bright." In speaking of the difficulties and drawbacks and even the dangers that confront the infant Christian Church in this country. At the same time we cannot close our eyes to the fact that the Church is facing today an unparalleled opportunity such as it has never had before.

"In dealing with "The China for Christ Movement," I wish to draw your attention to three questions, namely: Why should there be such a movement? How should it function? and what should it attempt?

"Why is the Christian Church in need of such a movement at the present time? First, because there is an unusual willingness on the part of the more enlightened classes outside of the Christian Church to study and investigate Christian truth. Man after man who used to despise Christianity and would not even glance at its printed pages, is now coming to regard it as the hope for China. Such a friendly attitude towards Christianity as shown by these men of education and influence offers a golden opportunity for us to present before them the power and reality of the Lord. It would be lamentable if we did not see it; it would be sinful if we saw it and did not take advantage of it.

THE OTHER SIDE

"It would not be true to facts if we made no mention of the other side of the situation. Not all thoughtful Chinese are looking upon the Christian Church with a friendly eye. There are those whose endeavor has been, and is, to pass severe and destructive judgment upon the work of the Christian Church. In writings, in public utterances, they have declared that the bankruptcy of all religions, especially that of Christianity, is approaching. But what does all this mean? It means, at least it seems to me, two things. In the first place, it shows the restlessness and discontent of men's souls; longing for something or someone that can put China's house in order. In the second place, it shows the influence of Christianity is being felt and recognised by men who have the love of their country at heart. The result of which has manifested itself in two different ways, namely the one in favor of Christianity and the other opposed to it. It shows that Christianity can no longer be absolutely ignored. Even men who are its strongest opponents recognise that Christianity is a force in the world today. Under such circumstances allow me to ask these questions. Where lies our responsibility? What should be our attitude? How are we to take the fullest advantage of the situation?

"The second reason why we need a great forward movement is because there is a readiness for action, for service, and even for sacrifice, within the Christian Church today. One may safely say that the Chinese Christians have never been so willing and ready to take part in the divine task of serving their fellow men and of extending the Kingdom of God on earth. Men and women are ready for service though they may not always know just what to do and how to proceed. Unless wise and quick steps are taken there are possible dangers lest many go astray and thus endanger the integrity of the Church. It is essential that the Church of Christ should not only grow in stature, but also in wisdom, not only in favor with men, but also with God. While the Church is still in such a plastic and formative stage it is a matter of life and death importance to help it to keep the straight and narrow way, especially when it is becoming restlessly active and craving for initiative and responsibility.

SPIRITUAL MOVEMENT

"Whatever form this work may take it must certainly be a spiritual movement. Deep down in the hearts of men the greatest need is a spiritual one. The Christian Church is essentially a spiritual institution. Every activity of the Church should be the expression of its spiritual nature and such alone can satisfy the deepest need of the world today. The present conference cannot accomplish anything that is of real and permanent value if the spiritual side of the question is neglected or minimised. The way of getting power is first by getting the spirit of God.

"Next in importance is that whatever form it may take the movement should be launched at once. We are facing an unusual opportunity that demands prompt action. "Strike while the iron is hot" should be applied to the present situation. We cannot afford to lose time, or to be absorbed in non-essential things. Things are moving rapidly and they call for an immediate movement on the part of all the Christian forces in China.

"It is essential that whatever form this movement may take it should be a movement that is capable of being carried through. I mean by that, that whatever form it may take it should certainly not be a mere paper scheme, or empty talk, which does not lead us very far. The present opportunity demands action. It requires nothing less than a definite and decisive step to get things done and done quickly. It may mean difficulty and even sacrifice on the part of the missions and churches but it is worth while to make the sacrifices and overcome the difficulties.

"Whatever form the movement may take it should be a Chinese movement; a movement that aims at the developing of the Chinese Church. In this the Chinese Christians must take the leading part. As we have said before the Christians in this country are ready and willing to take a large share in the program for saving China. Now is the time to prove their sincerity, and I may make bold to say, their capability. Foreign missions in China are the scaffolding and the Church the permanent building itself. It is not a day too soon to begin to lay more emphasis on the strengthening of the Church, so that in all our policy and work it shall be Church-centric rather than mission-centric. As the Church is facing many great problems today, problems that need the closest attention and most earnest prayers of all who have the work of Christ at heart, it offers a wonderful chance to help the young Church to learn to walk by actually walking.

NATION-WIDE

"In order to capture the present opportunity it is important to make this a nation-wide movement. The mobilisation of all the Christian forces throughout the entire country is necessary to the success of any great forward advance. First there is the question of nationality, and then there is the difference of denomination, both of which must be taken into consideration in facing the great task that is lying before us. While we fully appreciate such national and denominational differences we believe that not even the strongest among us can undertake the task alone. It is time for us to join hands in a nation-wide movement.

"It is sincerely hoped that as the outcome of this conference some definite steps will be taken to accomplish certain great objectives for the work of Christ in this land.

There is the appalling fact that at least half of the members of the Christian Church in China today cannot get direct access to the Word of God, not because of unwillingness but because of inability. The Bible is not an open book to them because of illiteracy. What a hindrance to progress and advancement in one's spiritual life! Is this not the time to mobilise our forces in a definite, systematic campaign to attack such a great foe as ignorance?

"Furthermore the question of illiteracy is not merely a Church question; it is a question of the nation as well. In having every Christian able to read and write we are indeed "killing two birds with one stone." It thrills one's imagination with joy to think what a great object-lesson it would be to the whole nation if the Christian Church can, after a given period of time, declare to the non-Christian world that all of the 400,000 Christians in China can read and write. The task is large but not impossible. The undertaking is not all easy but the achievement will be far above the difficulties connected with the matter. In order to undertake such a gigantic task men and women with a heroic spirit are called on to stand boldly facing the situation and, by the grace of God, to see that a successful issue is assured.

PLAN FOR SERVICE

"There is again the problem of enlisting, training and utilising men and women for Christian service. Should we not take advantage of the present situation and try in a definite and systematic way to secure that every one who claims the name of Christ, shall serve Him in one way or another? Furthermore, many are willing and ready to work for Christ yet do not know where to begin or what to do. The assisting of such men and women is indeed an urgent necessity.

"Let us consider for a moment the question of stewardship. The giving of one's material resources to the work of God is one of the expressions of divine grace. Our people, if I may be allowed to say so, have always been generous supporters of religious institutions, but we are still far below the mark in giving. Tithing seems to be too hard and fast a rule, yet how far have we come short of that? We hear with deep concern of the askings of some of the missions in the country to their home boards, for men and money. How far will they help the self-support of the Church in China? We value highly the generous and sacri-

(Continued on Page 8)

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Missionaries Name Delegates To Study Problems Of China

(Continued from Page 7)

ficial spirit of our friends abroad in thus trying to help the work in our country. We need all the money and men they have asked for and a good deal more, but on one condition, and that is, that we should at the same time make the spiritual life of the Chinese Church rise to the occasion that will put her in a position to meet the unusual situation. We cannot possibly compete with our friends in the West in the amount given, but we feel we are in duty bound to compete with them in the spirit of giving. Will you help us in doing so?

"We face the important question of securing men and women of the right type for the Christian ministry.

"Then there is the ever abiding principle of the Christian Church reaching out to those in the regions beyond. The growth of the Church is measured by its missionary spirit and activity. The Christian must come out of the narrow and somewhat selfish conception of caring only for the Church with which he or she is connected. That such a missionary spirit is growing in the Chinese Church is evidenced in the many activities that have taken place in different parts of the country. Home mission work is growing in Shensi, Manchuria, Yunnan and many other places. These are indeed good signs but there is still a great deal more land to be possessed. How shall we enlist all God's children to support such movements?"

MR. LOBENSTINE

Mr. Lobenstine, in speaking on the relation of the Interchurch World Movement of North America to this China for Christ Movement, said:

"The immediate action of the launching of this Movement in America was the signing of the armistice and the end of the war where America had come in, as we all know, but perhaps do not just understand why we had come into the war at a very late date, and had not been asked to pay anything like the sacrifice which was asked of other nations in the great struggle. It meant that of the four million soldiers who had offered their lives for their country, and for the bettering of conditions in the world, the great mass were to return to civil life, and the question came what that life was to be. I have never heard Dr. Robert Speer so moved as since the first days when I heard him 20 years ago in the Student Volunteer Movement, when he stood up and filed the challenge of this consecrated life returning to the country to see what should be made of it, and whether that spirit could be capitalised for the bettering of the life of America and the world. There was the firm conviction in which we as Christians should all share that a new world order was being introduced which could be achieved only through the adoption throughout the world of the principles of Jesus Christ, and that nothing less than a united response of the Christians of all lands could over achieve that objective, could ever bring in a world order such as God would have here. There was a very deep sense of personal insufficiency, of absolute dependence upon God, and the great challenge to move forward to do their part to try to bring about a world movement of Christians of America.

LESSONS OF WAR

"The war had shown the Christians of America some things which they needed very much to learn, and one of them was what can be accomplished when everybody undertakes to do his or her part. The simultaneous forces of the nation in connection with war charities, in connection with the Red Cross, had shown the power of even boys and girls and aged men and women in getting into a united nation wide movement. I think as they gathered there these were mostly leaders of foreign missionary societies, the inefficiency of the Christian church, through its divisions, through its inability to work unitedly for any great program for a nation or for a world made itself felt with very great force, and they there said that they would do what they could to start a new order of things amongst the Christian churches. The nation had just been having the experience of one great church which was trying to face its task in a united way, and it was inspiring to see the way the Methodists in connection with their Centennary started out to reach every individual in its 17,000 churches, and to give the message of a larger outlook, of deeper interest in the world and through prayer reach the 4,000,000 million people connected with the Northern church and about 3,000,000 connected with the Southern church. I was very much struck with the way in which they succeeded in reaching the enormous number of people within their Christian constituency.

"Going into the central offices in New York, where nearly a thousand people are employed by that church alone to try to carry the message and the program which that church had adopted out through the remotest towns and villages throughout country where there were Methodist churches. Our hearts were stirred by this achievement and we began to ask why this same thing could not be done by the 25,000,000 Protestant Christians in America. Could they not have a larger world vision, a deeper conception of what God wanted them to do as Christians in the world, and what could not be done if anything like that number would give their lives to the service of their fellow men.

CHRISTIAN MESSAGE

"And so this Conference set out to try to see if it could bring something of the Christian message and of the Christian challenge of today. That constituency of 25,000,000 and another 25,000,000 in our nation who are not members of the Roman Catholic church, but who are more or less sympathetic with the Christian ideals—their aim was to try to stir the nation to its foundations, and to see what could be done to better conditions of living, to scure better relationships between capital and labor, and better international relations.

"All of the machinery of the Methodist church was there ready at hand. Much of what they had been forced to keep up in the way of staff for their educational work was not essential, and the natural thing was to turn that right into this larger movement, so if you understand what the Methodist centennary program in America was, you know about the ideals which were at the start of this Interchurch Movement, and some of the growing pains of the movement have been the adaptation of methods of other churches who do not operate and function exactly the same way as the Methodist church and who have different outlooks and different ideas to try to harmonise and co-ordinate in one movement these different ideas.

CHURCH CO-OPERATION

"What it will grow into no one knows. What it is at present is chiefly an agency by which those churches which wish to avail themselves of its forces can co-operate along certain lines. First, in a survey of conditions throughout America and throughout those parts of the world in which America is trying to express itself in religious and social and other ways. Second, to try to prepare a united program of advance. It is capable of being expressed in terms of men and funds necessary for the work that they are to do. Third, in the great campaign of education throughout these coming winter months in which they will attempt to reach this entire constituency of which we spoke a moment ago, and in the financial drive which will take place some time next Spring.

"The Movement raises no question of church unity. It is not concerned in ecclesiastical matters at all, but merely in performing a helpful, co-ordinating service for the Christian churches along these lines just mentioned. If you wish to ask what churches are co-operating, it is almost impossible at any given date to say because the number is growing, and churches are co-operating in many ways. Some are more or less in, some are in entirely, and are going much further than others in it. A considerable number of the larger churches in America are using the movement in one way or another. The definite hope of the leaders in the movement is that all of the evangelical churches in North America, both in Canada and the United States, will be a part of the movement, and that later on, as they are willing interdenominationally, other organisations shall have a part in it also. If there were time, I might go into some detail as to the way this movement is functioned, and because of the light it may thrown upon the discussions of our commissions, but just one word in regard to the four main divisions of these activities.

INTER-DEPARTMENTS

"First, the objective group, with which is concerned preparing a program. Second, is their educational group, and they have been sub-divided in any number of divisions: stewardship, life work, missionary education, religious education, and general education in which they are going to all the educational institutions in America which are professing to train Christian leaders to see whether their facilities are adequate for it, and what things are to be done in order to secure a leadership for it, what the movement itself can accomplish; a literary department, industrial relations department. One of the most hopeful elements of this whole movement is the attempt to have the church take some part in the discussion and solution of the problems existing between capital and labor in America today. Then we have what they call a promulgation group, a group whose task is to see how they can get out of the churches throughout the country all the detached individuals that they want to reach.

THE FINANCING

"They have what they call a Field Department whose task is to see how the organisation can become effective throughout every one of the states, throughout all parts of Canada, and also throughout the different church bodies. Their publicity and periodical department treats with the problem of carrying the program of the Movement. The fourth is the administrative group in charge of raising the funds for carrying on the movement and the selection of the personnel who have part in representing the movement in different parts of the country.

"The movement is financed as we all know from funds to be raised a year from now. As Mr. Earl Taylor, the head of the movement said the other day, the Christian Church is the best kind of business security in the world, and all they have to do if they want to borrow money for this Movement is to go to the different church Boards and ask them to advance credit, and on the basis of this the banks will advance them any money they need for this Movement. During the last quarter which ended December 30 the budget for this movement was about $1,500,000.

"There is a feeling that here is something which has definite life in it, that here is a challenge of god accepted by the Christian leaders of the different churches, and while they do not know whereunto they are to be led, they know that these are the next steps forward that God would have them take. I was myself one of the severest critics of the Movement while I was in New York for several months working in their offices. I know, as I said at the beginning, many of its growing pains. I know many of its problems, but I have not the slightest hesitation in feeling that this is a forward movement of the Christian forces. They are trying unitedly to face the world and to face the religious needs of today and to see what definite forward step we can make toward meeting that need, and while we may not agree with some of the methods and some of the plans, and while we may fear in regard to the outcome, a movement which was started in prayer, a movement which was started not for financial reasons, but for the sake of enlisting the services of the Christians of the nation and of the world in accomplishing all our task as Christians throughout the world, and we cannot but feel that God is in it and that there is life in it, and that God means that we shall go forward as Christians in all lands to try to meet the challenge of the present hour. Humanly speaking, we are here today because of the movement which was launched a year ago in that upper room at 25 Madison Av., and not only are we meeting here but groups of Christians in all lands throughout the world as part of the inspiration which came from that meeting, but are getting together to face that new group with new courage and new hope the challenge of the hour. What is the bearing of this upon our work in China.

UP TO CHINESE

"As you know, I believe, the Interchurch World Movement asked the China Continuation Committee to represent it in China in trying to see how the Christians in China could get together in a great united forward movement. For there is in their hearts as in ours a conviction that we must all united in a great forward movement. If cannot be done by England, America, Japan or any other country alone. It must be done by simultaneous movement of Christians of all lands today. Do any of us doubt for a moment that if a movement of this kind could have been started 25 years ago, the great world war would not have taken place? We had to have the bloodshed and suffering of the great world war to convince us that this thing is necessary in the world.

"But what about the future? What about the world 25 or 100 years from now. The future of the world lies in the hands of the Christians of all lands today, and whether there shall be peace or whether there shall be war depends upon the faith and courage of the Christians of all lands to face the challenge of the present hour. I wonder whether we begin to realise the significance of a China for Christ Movement upon the future of the world. May I quote as best I can from Sir Michael Sadler. He said to me this summer: 'The whole future of the world depends upon the kind of an educational system which China adopts within the next two or three decades.' Not only does the movement in America bring great encouragement to us in China, but it brings to us the knowledge that there are to be resources, men and money for this advance movement. It is for us to see what the forms of that advance movement are to be in China.

"In the calling of this Conference no distinction was made between the nationality of those who were asked, excepting this, that we hoped to have at least one half of the delegates Chinese, but there was no distinction as to whether your church has a part in the movement or not, whether you are an American or not. We are here to launch a great Chinese movement. It is a time for great humility on the part of those churches who see the possibility of a great advance here, not only one for denominational pride but one for humbling themselves, before God in a larger willingness of united service. There are in our midst today missions which are having to close their schools, missions where the missionaries hardly have enough to keep body and soul together, missions where the carrying on of long established work is almost impossible, because of exchange and conditions of life. I am hoping to live to see the day when we shall be Christian enough that existing work will be supported even if the money has to be taken from another Board and paid over to the church that is in need. (Much applause).

DEPENDS ON SPIRIT

"The success or the failure of this Conference is going to depend upon the spirit in which we face the opportunity today. If as I believe we all do, not only our hearts respond to the appeals which Dr. Cheng has just given to us, but our intellects respond also, we shall here decide upon a practical forward united nation-wide movement of the Christian forces in China. We shall be willing to ask ourselves what it will cost in staff and money to make such a movement a success and we shall pledge our lives and go back to our missions and our churches and see that this staff and these funds are provided to do the things which God calls upon us to do here."

A meeting open to the public, to be addressed by prominent delegates to the conference, will be held in the Union Church Hall at 8:30 this evening.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 9. p.m.

Friday, December 19, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

Sunday, December 21, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

Tuesday, December 23, 1919

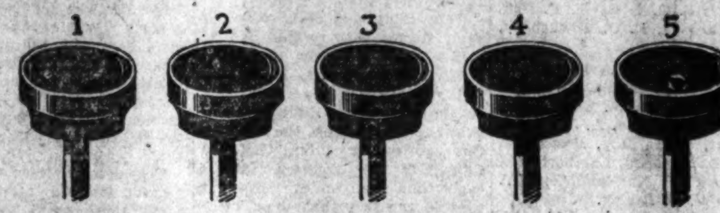
The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 11 a.m.

"PRICELESS"

is a popular way of describing anything which has proved to be of exceptional value, and may therefore be employed to describe that old and favourite preparation—Beecham's Pills. The ever-increasing army of men and women who have experience of this excellent medicine generally use some such phrase as "priceless" or "Worth a guinea a box" when speaking of Beecham's Pills. This is certainly high praise. But it is well-merited. Beecham's Pills have proved, times out of number, to be a "priceless" preparation in the treatment of digestive ailments. They bring relief; they safeguard the health; they effect remarkable cures. All who suffer in any way from biliousness, sick headache, constipation, impaired appetite, and the resulting loss of energy and want of tone should take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1.1½ (56 pills) & 2.9 (168 pills).



Here are the Self Starters —innocent looking typewriter keys— that foree an automatic speed gain of 15% to 25% on ordinary correspondence.

A built-in part of the new

SELF STARTING
REMINGTON
TYPEWRITER

Grand Prize—Panama-Pacific Exposition

You must see this time saving invention for yourself. Let us demonstrate it in your office—on your own work, or send for literature today. Write, or 'Phone Central 5491

MUSTARD & CO. (Sole Representatives)
22 Museum Road Shanghai.

CHRISTMAS SALE

$2.50 .. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen .. $2.50
$2.50 .. Houbigant's Coeur de Jeannette .. $2.50
$3.50 .. Roger & Gallet's Fleur d'Amour .. $3.50
$1.80 .. Genuine American ICY-HOT Flask .. $1.80
$2.00 .. STERNO Stove or Tea-Kettle Set .. $2.00
$1.50 .. CUTEX Travelling Manicure Set .. $1.50

$1.00 AND FOR $1.00

5 tubes—Colgate's Dental Ribbon or
6 tins —Colgate's Dental Powder or
5 tins —Colgate's Talcum Powders or

A pile of other Toilet Articles
of reputable makers.

J. D. CHANG & CO., LTD.
83 NANKING ROAD.
26918

HUDFORD GARAGE
owned and operated by
DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.

Motor Car Repairs, Painting
and
Commercial Body Building

under the supervision of
a fully qualified engineer.

We have in stock a few
WINTER TOPS
for
FORD CARS
almost new, Tls. 200 each

89-91 Rue Montauban. Telephone C. 322

Made in U.S.A.
20 "BAYER"-TABLETS OF ASPIRIN
ASPIRIN
Indications: Rheumatism, Influenza, Colds, Headache and Toothache, Gout, Alcoholic excesses.
Name registered
INDICATIONS: Rheumatism, Headache and Toothache, excesses, Menstr...
DOSE: According to di...
BAYER
BAYER
BAYER

As you well know, there are on the market innumerable so-called specifics for all kinds of diseases, among them powerful antipyretics, as antifebrina, dangerous narcotics for the relief of pain, as morphine, and the disagreeable salicylates to combat rheumatism.

These strong febrifuges give rise to toxic symptoms; the narcotics produce nervous and mental disturbances and induce a vicious habit, while the salicylates injure the stomach and cause ringing in the ears, etc.

The only remedy which embodies all the curative virtues of these agents, without their disagreeable and injurious features, is genuine aspirin, as contained in Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin.

This is confirmed by the observations of medical men throughout the world, whether the remedy be prescribed for reducing temperature in fevers, as a sedative or analgesic in neuralgias, headaches or toothaches, for colds, catarrhs or influenza, or as a specific in rheumatic affections.

The people of the entire civilized world consider aspirin as a remedy without a rival in the restoration of health and well-being.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS OR FROM AGENTS OF
THE BAYER CO., INC. NEW YORK

Muller, Phipps & Hodges
88 KIANGSE ROAD, SHANGHAI

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1919

To conform with U. S. Postal regulations all advertisements of Wines, Spirits and Liquors have been removed.

Business and Official Notices

SNR & SHNR.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR HOLIDAY FARES.

On and from Friday, the 19th December, 1919, until Monday, the 5th January, 1920, inclusive, Return Tickets at a fare and a half will be issued as shown below:—

S.N.R. First and Second Class: Between Shanghai North, Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking.

S.H.N.R. First, Second and Third Class:

Between Shanghai North, Jessfield, Siccawei, Shanghai South, Sungkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yehzah, Changan, Konzenchiao and Hangchow.

First, Second and Third class Through Return Tickets at a fare and a half will be issued from or to any of the stations mentioned above on either line.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

27011

LOST

A Delivery Order, No. 15, for ten packages of Fookling (茯苓), imported by S. S. Kiangfoo on 3rd day of 10th moon, marked Ⓣ (Four packages of the ten have already been delivered) has been lost on the way.

The public are hereby warned not to negotiate the said Order, as it has been nullified and a Duplicate is being issued.

A similar notice also appears in the Shun Pao and Sin Wan Pao.

CHIN KEE SHING.
振記異代客敗

Shanghai, December 18, 1919.

27030

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

60th MEETING

**27th December, 1919.
(Saturday)**

First Saddling Bell at 1.00 p.m. Sharp.

ATTENTION TO MEMBERS.

Entries for all events close at 7 p.m. on Friday, 19th December, 1919, at the Club House, 126, Bubbling Well Road.

Entry Forms may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

26996

NOTICE

We beg to notify our customers and the Public generally, that from December 15th to 25th inclusive, a discount of 5 to 22 per cent will be given on all our goods purchased against cash.

TABAQUERIA FILIPINA.

26948

Dr. OKS, M. D.

SPECIALIST for diseases and operations of eyes, ears, throat and nose.

9-11 a.m. and 1-4 p.m.
3 Kiukiang Road. Tel. C. 1801

26871

LOST

A Godown Receipt, No. 2970, issued by the Pao Foong Cotton Mill, (寶豐紗廠), calling for two bales of No. 12 "Gold Cock" Chinese Cotton-yarn has been lost. The public is hereby warned not to negotiate for same as it has been declared null and void and a duplicate is being issued for the delivery of the cargo.

FOU WOO SHIPPING BROKERS.
復和報關行

Shanghai, December 16, 1919.

26990

Prof. I. K. Seto

TURKISH BATH

**and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.**

No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

A PUBLIC MEETING under the auspices of the Civic League will be held in the LECTURE HALL of the ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY, 5 Museum Road, on THURSDAY, December 18, at 5:30 p.m. to consider the needs of

DESTITUTE REFUGEES

and try to devise some means for their relief.

The Chair will be taken by

DEAN WALKER

It is hoped that everyone who possibly can will come.

The meeting is altogether a PUBLIC ONE so no invitations are necessary.

27026

FOR SALE

One reliable Crossley Gas Engine, 45 H. P., with generator 110 Volts 250 amps., with switch-board complete, directly coupled to engine.

One C. BEGHSTEIN grand piano in good condition. Original cost Tls. 1,300, will accept reasonable offer.

One CHEVROLET five-seater motor car, in perfect condition. Original price Tls. 1,200, will sell for Tls. 600. For particulars apply to Box 120, THE CHINA PRESS.

27027

Please Try Our New Store

ARTS LACE CO.

93 Bubbling Well Road
(opposite the Race Course)

Xmas Gift Sale

Commencing
Tuesday, 9th December, 1919.

JUST TO HAND, NEW MADE GOODS
GEORGETTE CREPE LACE
LACE BLOUSES, NEW EMBROIDERY, UNDERWEAR
DRESS AND FURS MAKER.
LOWEST PRICES.
Guaranteed Fit and Special Cut

S.S. "ARNA" FROM NEW YORK

This steamer is now discharging all her cargo (except Opium and Munitions of War) into the godowns of the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company's Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of Bulk cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst being landed. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within fourteen days from date of her arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined at the Wharf on Monday, December 22nd, at 10 a.m. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the consignees.

UNITED STATES STEEL PRODUCTS COMPANY,
Agents Isthmian Steamship Lines.

27005

American Association of China

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

The Annual General Meeting and Election of Officers of the American Association of China will be held in the Rooms of the United States Court for China at 5:15 p.m. on Monday, December 29th, 1919.

A. S. GOLDSMITH,
Honorary Secretary.

Shanghai, China, Dec. 15th, 1919.

27002

[redacted]

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL FROM 75 MILLIONS TO 150 MILLIONS OF FRANCS.

The Bank's shareholders, at an extraordinary meeting held at Paris on 28th of November, 1919, have authorised the Board of Directors to increase the Bank's capital from 75 millions to 150 millions of Francs by the issue of 150,000 new shares of Francs 500 face value.

A certain number of shares has been reserved for the Bank's clients in the Far East.

Face value of the fully paid up shares: Francs 500.00.

Issued at a premium of Francs 165.00, **making Francs 665.00 for he fully paid up shares.**

Or half paid-up shares at Francs 250.00 plus premium of Francs 165.00,**making Francs 415.00 per share (half paid-up).**

The new issue will carry the same rights and privileges as the old issue, and the new shares will rank for dividends equally with the old shares from 1st January, 1920.

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE at Shanghai is prepared to receive subcriptions up to 31st December, 1919, and will quote special favorable rates of exchange.

26861

The Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Transfer Register of the above Company will be closed from the 24th to the 31st December, 1919, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Debenture Interest Warrants.

By order of the Board,
E. BURROWS,
Secretary.

27000

Dr. M. H. Katzen

of the Paris University,
Physician and Surgeon.

WOMEN'S, CHILDREN'S AND INTERNAL DISEASES.

Consulting hours:
11.00 a.m.—1.00 p.m.
4.00 p.m.—6.00 p.m.

4 PARK LANE
(near Quinsan Gardens)
Telephone North 3114.

26931

Mme. DONTSUFF

18 RANGE ROAD

Orders taken. Prompt and punctual execution. Also hats for ladies on sale.

Lessons given in making of hats, course three months. 6-7.30 evenings.

26666

Chinese Government Railways, Tientsin-Pukow Line

Notification No. 291.

Additional Train Service Between Tientsin and Tsinanfu (194/36).

The public is hereby notified that the present mixed trains Nos. 5 and 6 running between Tientsin East and Tsinanfu will be altered as Local Trains and, in addition, daily mixed trains Nos. 11 and 12 will be put into operation, all commencing on and from 11th December, 1919, according to the following schedule:

No. 5.	Tientsin-East	dep.	19.50
	Tsinanfu	arr.	6.50
No. 6.	Tsinanfu	dep.	20.25
	Tientsin-East	arr.	7.21
No. 11.	Tientsin-East	dep.	6.45
	Tsinanfu	arr.	22.28
No. 12.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.20
	Tientsin-East	arr.	22.16

Tientsin, 9th December, 1919.

By Order
TRAFFIC MANAGER.

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

TAKE ADVANTAGE

Of these Prices on our New and High-grade Rebuilt Typewriters

Olivers, Model 7	$75.00
„ „ 9	85.00
Remingtons, Model 7	45.00
„ „ 10	87.50
Standard Fox	100.00
Baby Fox, Portable	70.00
National, „	60.00

Our offer for one week only

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778
SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai
Cable Add.: Mackbauck

The Stewart

SPEEDOMETER

is the choice of all motorists who want a speedometer that they can be sure is accurate and dependable

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

HOTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE

AS A GOING CONCERN

QUEEN'S HOTEL, TIENTSIN

Situated in the best part of the British Concession, with entrance on the Victoria Road, also 120 ft. Frontage on the Bund, Five years unexpired Lease, with the option of Renewal, Two Modern Wings built 1914, Twenty-five Bed Rooms, Large Dining and Billiard Rooms, plenty ground space for extension, Good Paying Concern, 20 to 25% in the past years, with greater possibilities in the near future. New Progressive Landlord just bought the property. Cause of selling, illness of Lessee.

Address or visit Proprietor.

27001

ALMA ESTATES, LIMITED

NOTICE is hereby given that the Tenth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the above named Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Monday the 29th day of December, 1919, at 4 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to the 30th September, 1919, and the transaction of the ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 22nd to 29th December, both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

Shanghai, 15th December, 1919.

26941

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kind of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.

**Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
(Japanese)**

**He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.**

21666

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 15

ORIENTAL FUR CO.

MO-CHEE

No. 227 SZECHUEN ROAD

Furs! Furs! Furs!

ERMINE, SABLE, FOX, BLACK FOX, SQUIRREL, RED FOX, REAL SKUNK,

and large assortment of other Furs at Reasonable Prices.

26767

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order). Application to 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.

26698

XMAS PUDDINGS
MINCE PIES
XMAS CAKES
SHORT BREAD
AND
SCOTCH BUNS

Special Packing for Outports

JAMES NEIL & CO.

8 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

26849

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be **Prepaid**

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SITUATIONS VACANT

LEARN MORE—EARN MORE. Don't waste time regretting lack of training. Make up for deficiency by studying in your spare time. The I.C.S. will provide you with thorough training in Mathematics, Preparatory and High School subjects, General English subjects, etc. Ask us to send you Catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED, two young ladies to work in a retail store on Nanking Road. Reply, stating previous experience, to Box 125, THE CHINA PRESS.

27037 D.18

WANTED, stenographer and typist for an American export firm. Answer with full particulars as to experience and salary. Apply to Box 118, THE CHINA PRESS.

27021 D. 19

OLD AMERICAN BRITISH House desires services of competent import manager, capable promoting sales and judging credits. Compensation salary and commission—drawing account up to Tls. 400.00 monthly. Position offers every chance further advancement. Applicant must have irreproachable references. State in first letters age, country of birth, nature of experience, and products with which familiar. Apply to Box 95, THE CHINA PRESS.

26939 D. 18

WANTED, a good woman who understands the Bakery and Confectionery, and Restaurant Business. For Peking. Address The Emporium, Hatamen Street, Peking.

26907 D.26

MARINERS—WANTED you to know that you can qualify for promotion with I.C.S. training. Many officers in Far East qualified for examinations through I. C. S. Courses in Navigation, Marine Engineering, Marine Gas Engineering, Surveying, etc. Frequent change of address no obstacle. We teach wherever the mails reach. Write for Catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
BOARD—RESIDENCE
Apply to
MRS. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished room facing south, with verandah and private bathroom attached, suitable for married couple or two bachelors. All modern comforts, telephone, garage and stabling, apply to Box 101, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road

TO LET, one large room and one large attic, front, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102

27034

ROOMS vacant, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. Clean and good locality, eastern district. Kindly apply to Box 124 THE CHINA PRESS.

27035 D.19

ROOMS to let, single or suites of two to six rooms, with verandahs Bubbling Well district, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board, with all modern conveniences, bathrooms attached, hot and cold water, telephone, garages Apply to Box 114, THE CHINA PRESS.

27015

AMERICAN missionary couple living near French trams, half hour from Palace Hotel, wish one or two congenial people as paying guests Apply to Box 110, THE CHINA PRESS.

27004 D.2

TO LET, furnished room with board, facing south, with verandah in private family, 90 Carter Road

26904 D.18

NICELY furnished rooms to let with board, or quite alone. Use of telephone, etc. Apply 78 Bubbling Well Road, or 'phone West 1473.

26916 D.2

OFFICES WANTED

WANTED, one office, centrally located, furnished or unfurnished E. P. Gosling, Astor House.

27019 D. 21

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED: Bank clerk, ten years experience, seeks engagement. Has some knowledge of insurance Apply to Box 126, THE CHINA PRESS.

AMERICAN, college man, general office experience, knowledge of coding, invoicing and form-work accounting, wants position. Salary Tls. 175. Apply to Box 115, THE CHINA PRESS.

27016 D. 18

A YOUNG man with experience in export, is open for engagement from 1st January. Apply to Box 111, THE CHINA PRESS.

27006 D.18

AMERICAN, familiar with Chinese exports, now employed as local manager, seeks position with large responsible firm. Am a college graduate, fluent Mandarin speaker and also possess detailed knowledge of imports. Valuable trade connections can be offered as well if desired. Apply to Box 107, THE CHINA PRESS.

26989 D.19

EXPERT mailing and filing clerk foreigner, 25 years of age is open for engagement, holds best references. Please reply to Box 82, THE CHINA PRESS.

26922 D.19

ENERGETIC salesman, commercially educated, with eight years experience, is open for engagement. Excellent references. Address to Box 84, THE CHINA PRESS.

26922 D.14

IMPORT man with executive ability, having charge of several departments in large local firm, will consider change of position. Replies will be treated confidentially. Apply to Box 68, THE CHINA PRESS.

26890

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, four or five-roomed house, preferably furnished, modern conveniences, in western district or French Concession, possession soonest. Address data to F.R.H., 18B Kiangse Road.

27036 D.20

WANTED, furnished or unfurnished small house or flat, good location, for first February. Apply to Box 117, THE CHINA PRESS.

27018 D. 30

WANTED, small house in Frenchtown or Western district, furnished or unfurnished. Advertiser will buy furniture if necessary. Apply to Box 69, THE CHINA PRESS.

MISCELLANEOUS

CHRISTMAS ORDERS for Freeman's famous Melton Mowbray pies, game pies, English and American country sausages, turkey stuffing, taken to 20th, No. 2 Route Say Zoong.

26986 D.19

HAPPINESS. Everyone ought to be happy, if you are not happy consult Prof. Carlo Alberti, 73 Range Road.

26921 D.19

PROFESSIONAL

GENTLEMAN, with long experience, is willing to give lessons in motor driving. Ladies and gentlemen. Apply to Box 113, THE CHINA PRESS.

27014 D. 19

DRIVING and repairing lessons given by an expert motor car mechanic. Apply to Box 447, THE CHINA PRESS.

26617 D.19

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

FOR RENT, desirable light office from January 10th. Apply China Ross Co., 37B Canton Road.

27022 D. 18

TO LET, from December 15th, two large offices in Central district. Apply for particulars to Box 75, THE CHINA PRESS.

26901 D.18

OFFICES to lease, single, or suites of two to three rooms, on ground and first-floors. Central district, close to Bund. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26876

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, light two-seater car, with dickey seat, five wire wheels electric light, tyres good (two brand new), in first-class condition, Tls. 250. Owner buying heavier car. Apply to Box 123, THE CHINA PRESS.

27031 D.20

FOR SALE, police dog and Irish terrier pups. Thoroughbreds. Reply to Box 122, THE CHINA PRESS.

27029 D.20

MUSIC just arrived. Large selection of the latest music. For list and prices apply to Box 121, THE CHINA PRESS.

27024 D. 19

FURS for sale under cost price: skunk, white-fox, sable-capes, astrachan fur-coats, moleskins, etc. Address: Millinery, Mrs. Alexandra, 572 Nanking Road (opposite American Drug Co.)

27015

WANTED, a "Graflex" camera. Must be in perfect condition and fitted with good lenses. State price and particulars to Box 108, THE CHINA PRESS.

26977 D.21

FOR SALE, a beautiful closed car, six-cylinder, just out of the factory, engine in splendid working order, electric starter and lights, five wire wheels: cost Tls. 2,900. Will sell for Tls. 2,000. For trial and inspection apply to Box 104, THE CHINA PRESS.

26977 D.21

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
23 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:
Amritsar
Bangkok
Batavia
Bombay
Calcutta
Canton
Cebu
Colombo
Delhi
Haiphong
Hankow
Hongkong
Iloilo
Ipoh
Karachi
Klang
Kobe
Kuala Lumpur
Madras
Manila
Medan
New York
Peking
Penang
Yokohama
Puket
Rangoon
Saigon
Seremban
Singapore
Shanghai
Sourabaya
Taiping (F. M. S.)
Tavoy (Lower Burma)
Tientsin

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

anque De L'Indo-Chine

apital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
eserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:
ankok
Battambang
Canton
Djibouti
Doudichery
Haiphong
Hankoou
Hanoi
Hongkong
Mengtze
Noumea
Peking
Papoote
Pnom-Penh
Saigon
Shanghai
Singapore
Tientsin
Tourane

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital ....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office .... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy
Bangkok
Batavia
Bombay
Calcutta
Canton
Colombo
Foochow
Hankow
Harbin
Iloilo
Ipoh
Johore
Kobe
Kuala Lumpur
London
Lyons
Malacca
Manila
Nagasaki
New York
Peking
Penang
Rangoon
Saigon
S. Francisco
Shanghai
Singapore
Sourabaya
Tientsin
Tsingtao
Vladivostock
Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) . 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government .... Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:
Bombay
Chanchun (Kwanchendze)
Chefoo
Dairen (Dalny)
Hailar
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Manchouli
Newchwang
Nicolayewsk O/Amur
Peking
Shanghai
Tientsin
Vladivostock
Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital. . $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,808,933.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking
Tientsin
Chanchun
Antung
Dalny
Moukden
Newchwang
Harbin
Kirin
Tsinan
Chefoo
Tsingtao
Taiyuan
Kaifong
Wuhu
Anking
Hangchow
Ningpo
Nanking
Chinkiang
Hsuchow
Soochow
Wusieh
Yangchow
Shanghai
Hankow
Ichang
Changsha
Nanchang
Kiukiang
Foochow
Amoy
Canton
Hongkong
Swatow
Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February 1919

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,800

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital . . .$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,

Capital & Surplus U.S. $8,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $1,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:
China
- Shanghai
- Peking
- Tientsin
- Tsingtau
- Hankow
- Hongkong
- Canton

Manchuria
- Harbin

India
- Bombay
- Calcutta
- Rangoon

Japan
- Yokohama
- Kobe

Java
- Batavia
- Soerabaya

Philippines
- Manila
- Cebu

Straits Settlements
- Singapore

Dominican Republic
- Santo Domingo
- San Pedro de Macoris
- Sanchez
- Santiago
- Puerto Plata

Panama
- Panama
- Colon

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina
- Buenos Aires
- Once (Buenos Aires)
- Rosario

Brazil
- Bahia
- Pernambuco
- Porto Alegre
- Rio de Janeiro
- Santos
- Sao Paulo

Chile
- Santiago
- Valparaiso

Uruguay
- Montevideo

Venezuela
- Caracas
- Maracaibo

Siberia
- Vladivostok

Italy
- Genoa

Porto Rico
- San Juan

Colombia
- Medellin

Russia
- Moscow
- Petrograd

Spain
- Madrid

Trinidad
- Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ... 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

中孚銀行
Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund ....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:
Tientsin
Shanghai
Peking
Hankow
Nanking
Yangchow
Hsuchow
Pengpu
Changchun
Antung
Kiukiang
Chinkiang
Soochow
Wusieh
Hangchow
Ningpo
Shaoshing
Canton
Hongkong
Changteh
Chengchow
Tsinkiangpu
Yokohama
Ichang
Changsha
Shansi
Wuhu
London
New York
S. Francisco
Boston
Tokio
Kobe
Osaka

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:
Bandjermasin
Bandoeng
Cheribon
Djember
Djokjakarta
Hongkong
Kota-Radja
Langsa
Makassar
Medan
Padang
Palombang
Pekalongan
Penang
Pontianak
Rangoon
Semarang
Singapore
Soerabaya
Soerakarta
Tebing-Tinggi
Tegal
Telok-Betong
Tjilatjap
Weltevreden

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
6% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager.*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid) ....H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES
Canton
Batavia
New York
London
Honolulu
Sourabaya
Bangkok
Bombay
Manila
Singapore
Rangoon
Canada, etc.
S. Francisco
Colombo
Samarang
Calcutta
Yokohama

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.
Bombay
Calcutta
Colombo
Delhi
Galle
Hongkong
Howrah
Handy
Karachi
Kota Bahru (Kelantan)
Kuala Lumpur
Singapore
Madras
Penang
Port Louis (Mauritius)
Rangoon
Shanghai

Shanghai Branch.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
[illegible] The Bund

Banking Service with AMERICA

[redacted]

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nterest we take in every
tions.

banking service—with-
unnecessary delays.

personal service. Every
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ntatives with a personal
is evident in the service

about America?

the Far East:

ghai

d Kiangse Roads

ches in

Canton—Changsha—Hankow—Hongkong—Manila—Peking—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $4,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $1,100,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS]
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION
FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

[redacted] OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY
The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada

DIRECTORS:

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder, President

BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH:
No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered)............ $1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up) 655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919)...... 5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano
Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager,

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

Yen
Capital Subscribed 100,000,000
" Paid up 61,000,000
Reserve Fund Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies
Batavia
Bombay
Buenos Ayres
Calcutta
Chanchun
Dalny
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kaiyuen
Kobe
Los Angeles
London
Lyons
Manila
Mukden
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Peking
Rangoon
Rio de Janeiro
S. Francisco
Seattle
Shanghai
Shimonoseki
Singapore
Sourabaya
Sydney
Tientsin
Tokio
Tsinanfu
Tsingtao
Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 16, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-26
Pork	"	26-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	"	18-20
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	20-25
Pomfret	"	20-25
Salmon	"	16-18
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	18-20
Whitebait	"	20-24
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$1.50-2.000
Duck	"	40-60
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	80-1.00
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	50-55
Pigeons	"	16-18
Quail	"	14-16
Snipe	"	14-16
Teal	"	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	"	30-35
Wild Geese	"	35-45
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	16-20
Bananas	"	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	8-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	10-12
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	"	14-16
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	20-40
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	"	12-15
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	12-16
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	5-6
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	"	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	"	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMINAND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$430
Chartered	$530 S.
Russo-Asiatic	£80 CNI
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 400 Sa.
North China	$100 B.
Union of Canton	Hk. 195
Yangtsze	$220 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 20 S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$340 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$247
Indo-China Pref.	$20
"Shell"	220/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 41
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 14 S.
Oriental Cons.	85/-
Raub	$2 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$178 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 118 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 28
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 150 S.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 98 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 64
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 670 S.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 360
Oriental	Tls. 290
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 305
Kungyik	Tls. 55
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 30 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 88
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$188
Green Island	$7
Langkats	Tls. 15½
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5¾ B.
Weeks	Tls. 11 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7.40
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2½
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.55
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.50
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 1¾ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11½
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3¼ S.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2¼
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.55 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.75
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 4½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¾
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60
Tebong	Tls. 13 S.
Ziobri	Tls. 2¼
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½ S.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62½
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 15
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 69
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 16 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Exchange quotations:

London	38.47
New York	10.03
Berlin	22
Rome	81
Geneva	171½
Bukharest	31½
French War Loans:	
3 percent	59.70
4 percent 1917	70.95
4 percent 1918	71.60
5 percent	88.10

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Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 17, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 7/10=Tls. 2.5532
@ exch. 73.6=Mex. $3.469

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 144¾=Tls. 69.08
@ exch. 73.6=Mex. $93.86

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 73.325

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch: Tls. 165

Copper Cash .. per tael 185.500

Native Interest .... Tls. 17

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	79¼d.
Bank Rate of Discount	6%
Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 38.47
Ex., New York on London T.T.	G.$3.69¾

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	7/10
London	Demand	7/10¼
India	T.T.	236
Paris	T.T.	1570
Paris	Demand	1573
New York	T.T.	144½
New York	Demand	144¾
Hongkong	T.T.	61
Japan	T.T.	33¼
Batavia	T.T.	380
Singapore	T.T.	80

Bank's Buying Rates

Nominal

London	Demand	8/-
London	4 m/s. Cdts.	8/2¼
London	4 m/s. Docy.	8/2½
London	6 m/s. Cdts.	8/3¼
London	6 m/s. Docy.	8/3½
Paris	4 m/s.	1690
New York	o/d. Docy.	148½
New York	4 m/s.	160¼

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 23,000 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $0.58

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR DECEMBER

Hk. Tls. 2.44	@	7/4¼	£1
" 1	@	1433	Fr. 15.96
" 0.60	@	149¼	Gold $1
" 1	@	33¾	Yen 3.30
" 1	@	15	Rupees 6.15
" 1	@	1.50	Mex. $1.50
" 1	@	—	Roubles —

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, December 17, 1919.

Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 64.00 December
Tls. 70.00 January
Tls. 85.50 February

Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 40.50 December
Tls. 42.90 January
Tls. 47.00 February

Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 30.50 December
Tls. 37.00 February

Local Yarn

Water Moon 16-20's
Tls. 177.00 December
Tls. 180.00 January
Tls. 194.00 February
Tls. 207.40 March
Tls. 205.00 April
Tls. 208.00 May

Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 174.50 December
Tls. 180.00 January
Tls. 182.50 February
Tls. 195.00 March
Tls. 192.00 April

Shanghai Cotton
Tls. 28.30 December
Tls. 28.50 January
Tls. 29.60 February
Tls. 30.00 March
Tls. 30.50 April
Tls. 30.70 May

Tung Chow Cotton
Tls. 30.30 January
Tls. 28.70 February
Tls. 29.50 March
Tls. 30.90 April
Tls. 31.30 May

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, December 17, 1919.

Official
Samagagas Tls. 0.55
Y'poo (ord.) Tls. 31.00 Dec.
Tls. 40.75 March
Tls. 40.50 March

Unofficial
S'hai Docks 113.00 Dec.
S'hai Horse Bazaar Tls. 40.00

Hankow Market

Hankow, December 10, 1919.

Finance and Money Market

There were no Bills offering until the 9th inst when a few came out for January delivery forward. Some Banks were good sellers for near delivery and there was a little inter-Bank business. Taels T.T. on Shanghai ruled from 96.35-96.5 Chinese Market. Chinese again operating among themselves. Dollars fell from 71.4-71.6 to 70.5-70.7 buyers and sellers respectively, and closed firm. Interest rose from 21 percent to 23 percent. Changsha Exchange 26.

IMPORTS

Piece Goods:—There is nothing new to report. Stock lots continue to command good prices, but forward business is still very difficult to negotiate. Home suppliers appear to experience considerable difficulty in getting goods shipped abroad at anything like contract dates. Two or three months late is now quite a common occurrence, and dealers are beginning to use this as an additional argument for not booking ahead.

Yarn:—The market is not so brisk as formerly, probably due almost entirely to tightness of money. Clearances have fallen off a little.

EXPORTS

Further purchases of Sesamum Seed and Woodoil are reported, otherwise business still remains very quiet.

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, December 3, 1919.

In this morning's Rubber Auction the tendency was steady.

Prices paid for various grades during the morning were as follows:

Fine Pale Crepe 96-99, Palish to Pale 91-94.

Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheets 97-100.

Fair to Good Ribbed Smoked Sheets 90-96.

Good to Fine Brown Crepe 83-88, 77-81½.

Scrap Crepe 73-76½.

Bark Crepe 63-69.

Netherlands Gutta-Percha Company.

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 16 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Market quotations:

Marseilles, December 16:	
Green Peas: Japan	180
Potato Starch	165
Havre, December 15:	
Cotton, First quality	562
Cotton, Second quality	549
Cotton, Third quality	545
Lyons, December 16:	
Raw Silks:	
Cevennes	290
Italy	315
Syria	215
Japan	305
China	330
Canton	245

Big Improvement Project is Launched In Chihli

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, December 12.—The Chihli Provincial Assembly passed on the 10th an extensive plan for the construction of a port, the building of a railway and the incidental development of industry, mining and agriculture in Chihli Province. This plan, which is the largest single development scheme ever considered in this province, is in the first instance for the opening of an ice-free port between Tongshan and Shanhaikwan at a place about 12 miles distant from the old port of Chui Ching Ho Kou. The situation in question is excellent for harbor purposes, being sheltered by a small peninsula on one side and by three small islands on another side, thus rendering extensive breakwater construction unnecessary.

In connection with the port it is planned to lay out a concession some ten miles square which will include a Summer resort, factories, godowns, coal sheds and a railway head for the connecting line with Tongshan, on the Peking-Mukden Railway. This line will cross the Peking-Mukden at Tongshan and then go on to Jehol, tapping the rich mining and agricultural country in the northwestern part of Chihli Province. As reported the scheme is vast and will take years to realise in full. It is an opposition plan to the well known Hu Lu Tao (to the North of Shanhaikwan) scheme, which has been under consideration off and on for six years and on which a group of Chinese officials and financiers are even now working.

Those interested in the Chui Ching Ho Kou scheme include Mr. Pien, the Chairman of the Chihli Provincial Assembly, Chou Tsechi, Mr. Hsu of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway and a brother of the President, Tuchun Li Hsun, a brother of Civil Governor Tsao Jui of Chihli and many others prominent in the Chinese official and financial world. On the foreign side is Mr. H. A. Hussey, a Canadian architect, who was at one time closely connected with the erection of the new buildings of the Rockefeller Foundation and who is at present attached to the construction staff of that institution in an advisory capacity. Mr. Hussey is representing the interests of the American Express Company in the event that that company decides to invest in the Chui Ching Ho Kou project.

Regulations governing the Chihli development project have now to be drawn up and submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce for approval and registration. As the plan is of purely provincial origin and has been passed officially by the Chihli Assembly it is believed that nothing now stands in its way except the approval of its regulations by the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce and the raising of sufficient capital to carry it out. It is understood here that its promoters estimate that at least $40,000,000 will be necessary to start work with. But this sum cannot possibly suffice for the erection of what will be a good sized town on the coast and the construction of a railway line from that town to Jehol.

Peking Teachers Strike; Ask Their Salaries In Cash

Dissatisfied with the payment of half of their salary in Government notes, which are worth only 50 percent of their par value, nearly a thousand teachers of the Peking Government high and middle schools went on strike Monday. They are firm in their demand that their payment should be made in cash.

College teachers have raised several thousand dollars to help their colleagues during the general walkout.

Early last week, a petition was filed by the teachers with the Ministry of Education, threatening to suspend teaching if their demand was not complied with. The Government immediately deputed representatives to negotiate with them and offered various concessions. The final offer was 70 percent in cash and the balance in notes. But the teachers refused to yield.

Since the strike, the teachers have made a further demand to remove the Acting Minister of Education, Mr. Fu Tseng-hsien, alleging that he had neglected his duty in caring for the welfare of the educational service men.

WHAT THE HANDS TELL.

The size, shape and texture of the hands have been regarded from very distant times as highly indicative of character. From the hands also it is easily possibly to form a substantially accurate opinion as to their possessor's health.

For instance cold, clammy hands prove poor blood and defective circulation, and trembling or unsteadiness of the hands is a certain sign of debilitated nerves. Both indicate clearly that the blood lacks richness and those red corpuscles so necessary to feed the overworked nervous system.

If your character as told by your hands interests you, surely the much more reliable evidence the hands give as to your health should not be ignored. For to do so is but to court disaster, and the development of the trouble they indicate into worse stages.

For all ailments due to vitiated weak blood and run-down nerves has been a remedy so universally successful as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills during over a quarter of a century's popularity have come to be acknowledged as the greatest and surest blood-builders known to medical science.

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WEATHER

Cloudy and misty weather. Variable breezes in the North. Normal monsoon in the South.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DEC. 18, 1919

Korea Under Japan

THOSE of our readers who have followed the very powerful and illuminating series of articles from the pen of Mr Peffer, are realising, probably for the first time, what a telling indictment Korea is against Japanese administration. The articles as we have already stated, were compiled with the sole idea of publishing the truth and the facts collected and narrated in our columns cannot be repudiated For the last twelve months or more, reports emanating from Korea criticising the Japanese military administration there and complaining bitterly of its injustice and severity, have poured into our office. We have published very few of them, and then only after ascertaining that they came from reliable and unimpeachable sources.

It would have been easy to make out a case against Japanese oppression of the Koreans from all that we had heard, but we were anxious to obtain first hand information. For the express purpose of seeing things as they are to day we sent Mr Peffer to Korea and the articles appearing in our columns are the direct result of his observations and investigations. No one can read the story of what he has seen without horror and amazement. If facts were required further to prove the need of a League of Nations, to which smaller countries may appeal for justice against oppressors, Korea's state to day supplies them beyond all doubt.

To put it bluntly, Korea as Korea, soon will be nothing but a name unless the Powers step in to save it. Its laws and administration are Japanese. If these were fairly and justly applied, there would no complaint; but when their object is the destruction of Korean individuality and nationality we cannot but tremble for the ultimate fate of the unfortunate country. Korean language, education and habits are forbidden. They are replaced by Japanese. The best offices, the highest posts are open only to Japanese. Koreans are barred What is this but tyranny of the worst type? It is doubtful whether Prussian Militarism of the most degraded type went to such lengths in Prussianising any of the former German possessions.

Alsace Lorraine was never so oppressed by the Germans as Korea is being oppressed by the Japanese. After perusing the articles printed and understanding that they are a correct survey of what Mr. Peffer saw with his own eyes and heard with his own ears, the marvel is that Korea has borne so patiently and for so long the terrible yoke placed upon her. In telling what the Koreans have suffered, there has been no exaggeration. Indeed the half has not been told. There is nothing in the world today to compare with it. One has but to contrast Korea under Japan with the Philippines under America to appreciate the difference. For a nation to take possession of another, to abolish its laws, customs and language, to take the best in it for their own people, is reprehensible, and in days such as we desire to see, ought not to be tolerated. Japan complains that the Allies and America are somewhat skeptical of her. Can she wonder? They know something of what is going on. Can Japan wonder that the Chinese are suspicious of her, and that they dislike her and her methods.

Drastic changes in the methods in Korea would go a long way towards changing the feeling against Japan. But with matters continuing as in the past Japan cannot wonder that the Senate of the United States voted as it did, or that the reservations proposed by America are to be accepted by Great Britain and France as reported. Japan thus has a reply to her maladministration in Korea. It is up to her, her government and her people to see that the condition of things in Korea is altered, and that while she maintains suzerainty she does not stifle and suffocate the natural instincts of a people whose misfortune it is to have lost its independence through weakness for which it was by no means wholly responsible.

Correspondence

Victoria Nursing Home

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—It appears to me that the time has come when this admirable institution should be moved further into the country.

Surely it is not conducive to quick recovery for patients to be distracted by the shouting of hawkers, the rattle of richas and carriages and the clatter of passing trams with the jarring clang of their bells; to say nothing of the occasional noise and flurry of the motors from the Fire Station which the Council has, in my opinion, most inadvisably built in close proximity to the hospital.

The traffic in Range Road is moreover increasing daily.

There is also the question of the Maternity Ward which stands in the grounds of the hospital. Here, if anywhere, surely calm and freedom from noise are absolutely essential, but, built as it is, almost right on to the road, the sufferings of the patients, especially in summer when windows are necessarily open, may be readily imagined.

Now I believe, Sir, a large piece of land has recently been acquired behind St. George's Farm for a Public School for Girls and I submit here is an ideal site for a hospital and maternity ward. Fresh country air, quiet and pretty surroundings are great factors in restoration to health and in making the life of patients in hospitals easier to bear and now that the motor ambulances are available, the question of distance need not be considered.

Could not the present Victoria Nursing Home be adapted to meet the requirements of the proposed Girls' school? It is in a central situation, easily reached from both the Eastern and Western Districts, and it has a large garden which could be turned into the necessary playground.

An up-to-date hospital and maternity ward could then be built on the site beyond Bubbling Well and one of the most crying needs of Shanghai be met—a hospital in a quiet part of the Settlement.

Enclosing my card.

I am, Sir,
N. R. B.

December 16, 1919.

Today's Inportant Meeting

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—The cold weather has set in; Christmas is at hand; most of us are happy to get home to our fireside, and many too are finding the calls upon the purse even greater than usual at this season.

But it is to be hoped that these reasons will not cause charitable Shanghai to forget that there are many among us at present—refugees from Russia, Poland, Rumania and elsewhere—to whom Christmas this year will be a very trying time, lacking not only happiness and good cheer, but also even a bare sufficiency of food and clothing to help endurance of the rigorous weather.

The purpose of this letter is to remind your readers that a meeting for the purpose of arranging further means for the help of deserving, destitute Russian and other refugees is to be held today, Thursday, the 18th inst., at 5:30 p.m. in the Royal Asiatic Society's Lecture Hall, Museum Road. Those of us who have been investigating know that this need is pressing and is not likely to decrease, at least during the few coming winter months.

It is hoped that all who feel a kindly interest in these people, now, through no fault of their own, in need of practical help, will make a point of being present this afternoon. Yours faithfully,

"FAITH WITHOUT WORKS IS DEAD"
Shanghai, Dec. 18, 1919.

The Truth About Korea ✠ By Nathaniel Peffer

VIII.

Baron Saito Interviewed

PEKING.—Toward the close of my stay in Korea I went to Baron Saito, the new Governor-General, and asked him for an interview. I told him that I had come to him directly because I wanted to know from the highest possible source definitely and exactly what was the program of the new administration and as definitely as possible how the status of Korea in the Japanese Empire was changed. To avoid misunderstanding I submitted my questions in writing two days in advance of the appointment fixed for the interview and, after the interview, my notes on Baron Saito's replies for his revision and correction. His statements therefore bear his unquestioned approval and authorisation and have the further value of being made, not on the spur of the moment but on long reflection.

I was received by Baron Saito at tea in the reception room of his residence in the presence of Mr. Juzo Imamura, his English secretary. Baron Saito has spent much time abroad and talks English well but when he wishes to weigh his words carefully he prefers to talk in Japanese and through an interpreter. Baron Saito is a naval officer, having once filled the Ministry of the Navy, he is a man of high official standing in Japan and he is accounted comparatively a liberal. The impression he has made in Seoul in his three months' stay is favorable. It is believed by those who have come at all close to him that he is sincere in his desire to establish better conditions and that if given a free hand from above and co-operation from below he will do so. How much of a liberal he is remains to be seen. The impression I myself obtained in my talk of an hour and a half with him is that his power is rather limited and that he is anxious to put the best face upon it. Certainly I cannot say that he was very specific or that he committed himself to anything fundamental. But let the Governor's words speak for him.

I took up first the question of assimilation, because on the continuance or abandonment of that policy it is agreed that everything rests. I asked the Governor whether that policy had been modified, whether the new administration would allow the Korean people to maintain their own race culture, in language, customs, tradition and religion, while still remaining, of course, an integral part of the Japanese Empire.

"The term 'assimilation' having an unfortunate association," he replied, "our policy in Korea is often misunderstood by foreigners. Though we want the Koreans to be loyal subjects of Japan, we do not desire to destroy their racial identity. Not only are we disposed to allow the people to maintain their race culture but we are even encouraging them to refine it.

"It is, of course, our desire to have the Koreans able to use the Japanese language, and we give every possible facility to school children to acquire a good knowledge of it, and they learn it very quickly, as they are good linguists and the construction of Japanese is the same as that of Korean. For adults it is no easy task to learn a new language and we do not compel them to do so. However, it is not very difficult for educated Koreans to make out the meaning of Japanese official communications or similar writings even if they have never learned the language, for, in the Japanese written language the Japanese characters convey exactly the same meaning that they do in Korean writing and Japanese 'Kana' is used in the same way as Korean 'Eunmun' and, as I said, the order of words in Japanese and Korean is practically the same. We shall always encourage the Koreans to study their own language, but, at the same time, we hope that they will gradually become acquainted with the Japanese language, too.

"Nor do we recognise," he continued, "any necessity to cause the Koreans to change their customs; this we have never tried to compel them to do. We are very careful to observe their customs and traditions when we make new laws and regulations, and we have a committee specially appointed for the purpose of studying them. As to religion, the Japanese constitution guarantees freedom of religious belief and every one may enjoy it in the fullest sense of the expression."

By way of illustration Baron Saito cited the case of Japan before the restoration in 1868. The country was then divided into many districts, each of which regarded the others as foreign to it and the people of each district spoke their own dialect. Since the restoration one standard language has been taught throughout the Empire to unify the country, but it is not meant thereby to destroy their local identity and in some districts local peculiarities are greatly in evidence and the sense of local pride is very strong. In the same way, Baron Saito said, the Koreans could be assimilated and yet not necessarily made to change their customs and traditions.

It is not a satisfying portion to the Koreans. To have their individuality in the same measure as the Japanese provinces—that destiny will never content the Koreans to the point of peaceful acceptance. In detail Baron Saito may repudiate assimilation, but I think it is clear from his qualifications that in essentials it will be pressed in the future as much as in the past. And that means, I think all observers will agree, it will be pressed at the point of the bayonet. No Korean will accept it otherwise.

I then asked the Governor to take up the reforms he had in mind. I emphasised that I was anxious to know not only what they would be but when they would go into effect. The Governor took them up one by one. He dealt first with the question of the freedom of the press.

"We intend to allow freedom of the press gradually," he said, "and we are now making a study of the question. Though I cannot give the exact date, an announcement will be made in the near future with regard to the matter."

Again Baron Saito used Japan as an analogy. Japan, he said, passed through three stages of freedom of the press before it reached its present state. At first there was strict restriction of it but that was modified and relaxed by degrees. It might not be necessary for Korea, he said, to pass through the same three stage, but nevertheless it would not be possible immediately to allow in Korea the same freedom of the press as in Japan. Certain restrictions will be needed for the time being.

"At present," Baron Saito said further, "there are different kinds of inflammatory writings coming into Korea from abroad. If we allowed unrestricted freedom of the press at the present time it would but encourage the printing and distributing in Korea of similar effusions, which would do nothing but harm to the mass of the people. In order to protect the people we shall just wait and see how the situation will develop."

To the question when freedom of speech—freedom of meeting and expression in meeting—would be allowed, the Governor replied:

"Freedom of meeting and freedom of expression in meeting will be allowed, but not unrestrictedly. To decide how to regulate these meetings is a delicate matter and requires some investigation. If freedom of speech in Japanese only is what they want, the Government is ready to allow it at any time but that concession would be meaningless to the Koreans. If they desire the meetings to be conducted in the Korean tongue as well, it will be necessary for the Government, in order to control them, to have qualified officials who thoroughly understand the language. So we are making preparation for allowing freedom of meeting and expression in general, and it will be announced in the near future."

Freedom of the press with restrictions, freedom of speech with officials to control them—no comment is necessary.

The next question dealt with education. I asked whether the only language allowed to be used in the schools would be Japanese, whether any Korean textbooks would be permitted, how large a proportion of school time would be devoted to the study of the Japanese language itself, whether greater freedom would be given in the curriculum, whether private schools would be allowed any relaxation of the present restrictions on them. On some of these points Baron Saito was significantly explicit.

As to the language of instruction, the Governor said: "In all the schools for the Koreans, from the primary grade up to the high school, Korean reading, writing and literature are taught in the vernacular but in giving instruction in those subjects in which Korean is not necessary Japanese is and will be used. Accordingly most textbooks are and will be compiled in Japanese."

As to the proportion of time to be devoted to the study of the Japanese language itself, Baron Saito said that he did not remember just how large a proportion of time was now given to this subject.

"Anyway," said he, "Korean children do not spend too large a part of their time on it, as they do not need to. In future, therefore, there will not be much change in this respect."

In curriculum Baron Saito said that he recognised some shortcomings in the past and intended to modify it to a great extent, so that it can keep pace with the progress of the times and satisfy the desires of the Koreans. Textbooks will be revised for this purpose and the necessary textbooks for new subjects will soon be compiled. He spoke also of the proposed equality of curriculum in Japanese and Korean schools.

"In the primary school it is impossible to have perfect equality of curriculum," he explained, "because Korean children must study the Korean language besides the Japanese language, and this entails so much extra work for them, but in other subjects there will be all but complete equality between Korean and Japanese children. In the middle school the curriculum for Koreans must be made as far as possible the same as that for Japanese, so that both may be equally qualified to enter the higher institutions in Japan."

On the question of greater freedom for private schools the Governor said that he had not yet any definite plan of modification, but he thought that as long as the fundamental principle of a private school is in unison with the principle of the public school system it is possible to give it more freedom than hitherto.

How much that "more" means is all-important to the private schools, especially the mission institutions. Under the present regulations they must abandon teaching the Bible after five years, though supported entirely by Christian funds; they cannot raise their standards, they cannot use the textbooks acknowledged to be the best in individual subjects, they cannot teach history or political science or current events except as limited by Japanese propaganda, they cannot engage their own teachers or even janitors without government permission. These are the things that must be eliminated if they are to fulfill the function for which men and women have devoted their lives to Korea.

Having dealt with educational matters in detail, Baron Saito said he wanted to make a statement as to the Government's educational policy as a whole. He said:

"We are going to make radical reforms in the school system, and our Bureau of Education is making a draft of the new plan. This draft when completed will be referred to a committee especially appointed for the purpose of its investigation and discussion. After the special committee has deliberated on it, it will be sent to the Imperial Government in Tokio and promulgated as an Imperial ordinance. But to do this will require a long time and we cannot wait for that. There are some points in which we desire to make immediate change and which can be done by the Government-General itself without consulting the home government. For instance, hitherto in schools for Koreans much time has been devoted to manual work for the sake of encouraging industry and uprooting the old Korean contempt for labor. As the need for this has largely passed away, the time hitherto devoted to it will be given over to the study of English or other foreign language and mathematics. This and similar other changes will be announced in a few days and will go into effect in January of next year."

Some of these changes have already been announced, as I wrote in a previous article. The Korean primary school curriculum has been lengthened two years and more studies added to make it approximate more closely the curriculum in Japanese schools.

My next question was concerned with the administration of justice, about which so many harsh things have been said—and denied. I asked whether extreme flogging, as the result of which men have lain weeks in hospital or have died, would be abolished.

"We are determined to abolish flogging," he answered, "and are asking the permission of the home government to change the regulations providing for it. But it must be remembered that, if the Government abolishes this form of punishment, there must be some substitute for it and that would be either a fine or imprisonment. For this reason we are hurrying on the construction of more prison facilities."

Baron Saito remarked that he could not tell when the abolition would go into effect but he expected it to be in three or four months.

I asked Baron Saito what of the use of the infliction of pain or torture on prisoners to extract evidence. He replied that this might have been practised by gendarmes and policemen according to the old way of treating prisoners in Korea, but it was now strictly forbidden and if policemen treated prisoners harshly they would be severely punished.

I then asked directly whether he had heard that there had been cases of torture of prisoners before trial since his administration had come into power. He answered emphatically that that matter must be promptly investigated. He said that he could not believe it was true, but if it was true he would take stern action at once.

One subject remained, the likelihood of more political power for Koreans. I asked the Governor whether he would care to discuss the possibility of "a greater degree of autonomy for Korea in the near or remote future."

In reply he said that it was intended to give Koreans local self-government as soon as possible, but with the present condition of the people, especially in the country districts, it would be impracticable for them to conduct autonomy even on the smallest scale, so a sort of adviser had been sent to every village to put the people in the way of governing themselves and when the people have had sufficient training in it they will be allowed self-government, first in villages and towns, then in the counties and finally in the provinces, and the authorities were now making a study of how that could best be done. It had taken a long time for Japan to reach her present stage of autonomy, he explained, and consequently it would not be expected that Korea should have all at once the same kind of autonomy as that now existing in Japan.

The Governor went on to explain the relation between Korean magistrates and their Japanese clerks. These nominal clerks are said by the Koreans to dictate to the magistrates and actually wield all the power of the office, the magistrate being only a dummy. The Governor by implication denied this. In Korea, he said, the magistracy has been a position of power and honor, and it is not difficult for the Government-General to secure able men for the posts. At present among Korean magistrates there are many men of ability who will not allow any clerk to interfere with their business. It is true that there are Japanese clerks in all the counties, he went on, and some of them are rather superior to the magistrates in education, in experience and in ability, but it is not correct to say that clerks, being Japanese, have all the power and magistrates, being Korean, have the position only in name. Naturally he had heard criticism against certain clerks in some counties, so the Government was making investigation so as to take the necessary steps for dealing with such.

That concluded the interview. Baron Saito had patiently, with a translated copy of my questions in his hands, talked for much over an hour. But he bowed me out none the less pleasantly for that, and I left. I think it not unfair to say that I left little wiser than I had come. I think it not unfair to say that the Governor had talked much but said little. His statements can be summed up as "Yes, but—." They are largely what Colonel Roosevelt used to call "weasel words." He no sooner says anything definite than he adds something extracting from it all meaning and content. Freedom of the press—with restrictions. Freedom of speech—under police eyes. Assimilation will not be insisted on—but the Koreans will have as much freedom to maintain their individuality as the Japanese clans. The Koreans need not give up their language—but Japanese is the only one they will be allowed to use in the schoolroom or to learn and Korean will be taught as an extra subject.

Private schools will be given more freedom from restrictions—but the more is undefined and also qualified. Too much time will not be taken in the schools for the teaching of Japanese—but there will be no change from the present, when a quarter of the day is given to it. Flogging will be abolished—later. Autonomy will be given—later, and under Japanese supervision. Analyse the interview for anything concrete and substantial and you find:

One; Certain educational reforms will go into effect next year, But these do not touch essentials. Japanese will still be taught more than any other subject, only Japanese will be used in schools, all textbooks will be in Japanese, nothing is said about an honest attitude in teaching Korean history, international relations or current events. It is against these that the Korean students are now striking; there is nothing in Baron Saito's promises to warrant their ending the strike and returning to school.

Two; Tortures have been forbidden. But men are coming out of jail every day who have been tortured. It is true, Baron Saito promises to punish any officials guilty of torturing if he gets concrete evidence, but it is also true that if he made an unexpected inspection of the police station two miles from his office almost any afternoon he would get concrete evidence. He will never get it by asking his police heads whether they are guilty. He can be sure in advance that they will say they are not.

On analysis not only do you find nothing that touches essentials in Baron Saito's words but you acquire a grave doubt whether Baron Saito really has any comprehension of essentials. No man who can make compatible in his own mind freedom of speech and policemen to report on what is spoken can have a very thorough comprehension of essentials. Certainly he has no grasp on Korean realities.

Finally, if Baron Saito's words are fair token of what Korea is to get after all the fine promises of the last six months, then Korea is to get very little; not enough to change its attitude toward Japan from what it was last March—when it revolted.

(To Be Continued)

Topics In Brief

The police never strike twice in the same place.—*New York Tribune.*

We rise to suggest the nationalisation of common sense.—*Arkansas Democrat.*

Many a striking steel-worker has beaten himself out of a motorcar for next summer.—*Wall Street Journal.*

As an insinuating method of recording that she's been at war, we infer, China has declared peace on Germany.—*Columbia Record.*

Perhaps d'Annunzio had joined the poets' union and was compelled to make a demonstration.—*Boston Shoe and Leather Reporter.*

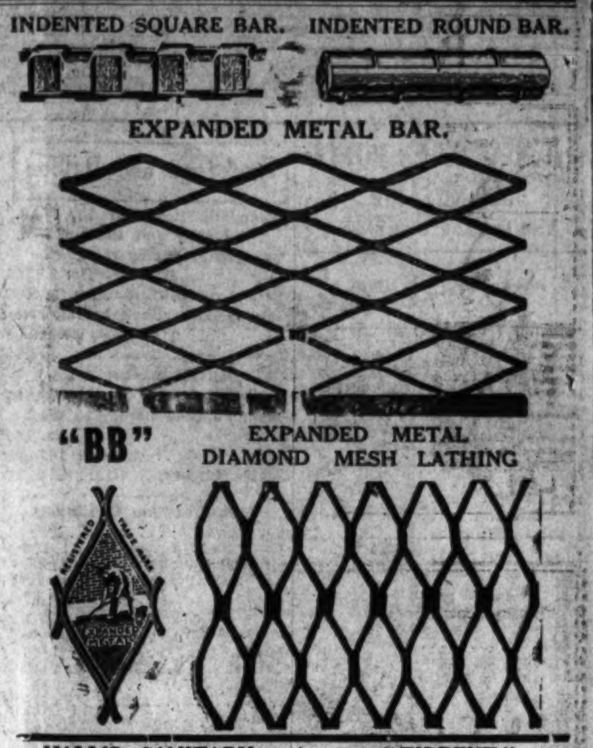
Attorney-General Palmer says retail food-prices have been reduced 15 percent. What does Mrs. Palmer say?—*Wall Street Journal.*

"Shall American boys protect the world?" asks Johnson. Well, they did; and Johnson didn't do a great deal of protesting at the time.—*Indiana Times.*

The snap-shot fiends are really pestering the heir to the British throne on his visit to Canada. They're all eager to get prints of Wales.—*Boston Transcript.*

Johnson's statement that we are the only going national concern would be more interesting if he would tell us where we are going. —*Greenville* (S.C.) *Piedmont.*

In a town in Oklahoma one thousand men have signed an agreement to wear their old clothes three months longer on account of H. C. L. A thousand men in Lynn are doing the same thing without signing.—*Lynn Item.*



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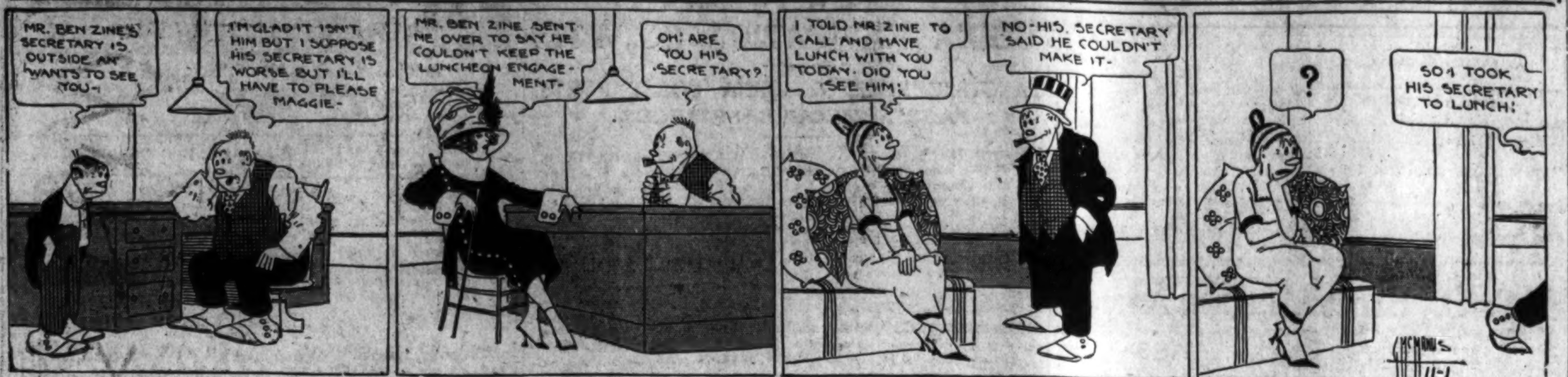
Bringing Up Father

By George McManus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A Marvel Of Development: The Petroleum Industry

By Dr. Benj. Harrow

Gasoline, kerosene, benzine, lubricating oil, vaseline, paraffin wax, asphalt—these are some of the subsances obtained today by distillation of petroleum. But it was not always so. The history of the development of the petroleum industry in the United States is suggestive.

The Indians in western Pennsylvania first discovered oil floating on surface waters. By them it was used as a panacea.

In the middle of the last century it occurred to a Colonel Drake that since oil came to the surface of springs, it was probably present in much larger quantities beneath the earth's surface. He thereupon proceeded to drill a well near Oil Creek, Pa., and before he had dug 100 feet oil came to the surface in such quantities that it could not be taken care of.

About this time Silliman, famous at Yale as chemist and teacher, found that by heating petroleum and collecting and condensing the gases that were given off certain fractions of the condensed gases—the kerosene of today—could be used for illuminating purposes. This was a discovery, for up to that time the illuminating oils consisted of very expensive animal and vegetable fats.

A further step forward was made when this illuminating oil was first submitted to a purification process by treatment with oil of vitriol and alkali before being sent to the market.

Until about 1900 little use was made of the low and high boiling fractions, containing naphtha and tar respectively. Only those fractions boiling between 212 and 500 degrees received much attention. This means that millions of gallons of gasoline and pitch were lost.

In the meantime, oil had been discovered outside of Pennsylvania near Lima, O. This oil had the drawback in that it contained rather large quantities of sulphur, and so long as sulphur was present the oil was worth little. It remained for Frasch to discover that this impurity, particularly obnoxious because it gave the odor of burning brimstone when the oil was burned, could be got rid of by heating the oil with oxide of copper.

The discovery of petroleum in Ohio occurred in 1885. Until then chemists in the petroleum industry were conspicuous by their absence. But the sulphur problem was too much for the "practical" man, and he had to call in more expert advice.

About this time the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, much ahead of its competitors in mapping out revolutionary programs, engaged the services of William M. Burton, one of Ira Remsen's products from Johns Hopkins. Burton's entrance upon the scene marks a new era in the petroleum industry.

From the very first Burton gave particular attention to the preparation and utilisation of the naphtha, or low-boiling products. The invention of the internal combustion engine and, later still, the introduction of the automobile, gave the gasoline fractions an importance which they had hitherto lacked.

Burton knew that by distilling under pressure the fractions with high boiling points, many of these complex substances could be broken up into simpler units with lower boiling points. This had actually been done in the laboratory. But to apply such a laboratory finding to the operations as carried out in a huge technical works was no easy matter.

Experienced refiners and able mechanical engineers strongly advised the company against any such project. But Burton, who had originally suggested the scheme insisted that the idea was feasible.

A still with a capacity of 6,000 gallons was built and operations started. From the very first little difficulty was found in obtaining the lover boiling point products by heating the higher boiling point ones under pressure. But what did give trouble arose from leaks that developed in the still. With each leak a fire would break out which, in extent, was directly proportional to the size of the leak.

The leaks and the fires began to dampen even Burton's enthusiasm. But nature came to the rescue; for by continued distillations enough carbon from the oil deposited to stop all leaks.

From then on it was smooth sailing. Stills were added year by year, until today the company has some 500 of them. The production of the invaluable gasoline was multiplied five-fold, and, incidentally, the residues left from the distillation proved as excellent samples of asphalt as any that had ever been mined in the island of Trinidad.

Today an average of 4,000,000 barrels of gasoline and naphtha are produced every year by the use of the Burton still.

The Fight For Clean Athletics

By Dr. Wm. A. McKeever

Is athletics to be treated as a part of the school or a mere side issue?

Is the management of athletics to be dominated by the true friends of education or the secret friends of graft?

Is the athletic department to be run in the interest of tho whole school and is higher ideals, or is the school to be run for the sporty faction of the athletic patrons?

Everywhere the American people are now called upon as perhaps never before to settle this series of controversies. What are you doing to help?

Did you ever watch a football scrimmage when two big teams shot into each other as if each were going through the center at the same lunge? Well, behind the scenes and unsuspected by the throngs who yell at the games there is now under way a similar clash between the two mad factions who would control the policy and the destiny of athletics in the colleges and high schools of the country.

Strange to say, there is a big grafting, gambling, win-at-any-price faction that seeks all the while to trail athletics in the dirt. These rounders put up money on every important game. Some o them seek a chance to steal a part of the gate receipts or short-change the ticket buyers. Others are professional dopesters who tip off the gamblers before the game with inside information. Another class of fixers work at the political end to secure managers, coaches and team captains who will agree privately to do their bidding.

It need not be argued that the athletic activities constitute a very large part of the education and training of young America wherever he may be found; that athletics, rightly managed, can be made quite as much a part of the vital schooling of the young as any other branch of learning: that the mission of this stimulating art is, first of all, to make men and women, to build character, and secondarily to furnish delightful pastime and recreation for all. But we must drive out the crooks and the boodlers, big and little. The fixing of games to help those who have placed bets on certain ones to win, the rakeoffs, private allowances, and plain thievery in the use of the gate money—here is where we often find concealed a long chain of rascals. Only public knowledge of their deeds and drastic action on the part of the better element of society will suffice to pry the rascals loose from their graft.

Even among the larger high schools, where the official management is not thoroughly on guard, there is often a system of graft and a winking at dirty athletics for the sake of winning.

Parents, let us have none of this trickery. Let us request our boys to play the game of ball honestly as they are expected to do any other school appointment Let us insist that only morally clean, highminded educators be placed in the positions of coach and athletic manager. For then only will the delightful practice of athletics rise to its true place as one of the greatest educational forces of modern times.

Stay Young In Your Mind Even If Your Body Grows Old

In The Meantime We Are Beating Old Age A Little At A Time

By Arthur Brisbane

The problem of prolonging life and maintaining youth is having many solutions suggested.

Very interesting are the ideas and theories offered.

One man from Mexico says that any normal man can live to be 400 to 500 years old if he will confine his diet to raw rice, raw oats and honey.

Honey was a favorite food in the days of the Old Testament patriarchs.

Another man guarantees that a diet of fruits will indefinitely delay the weakness of old age and provide perennial youth.

We do not believe that either of these dietary systems will lead to an unusually long life.

There is an innumerable number of animals that subsist entirely on grains and vegetable foods, yet they do not attain to the age of the average man, to say nothing of living a hundred years and more.

There are certain varieties of birds whose diets are theoretically perfect, if perfection consists in eating the food provided by nature in its natural state, and yet none of the ordinary wild birds live to any extreme age.

There has been much question as to whether the biblical characters who are said to have reached great ages computed their years on the basis of the modern period of three hundred and sixty-five days.

A recent investigator has announced his belief that the ancients of Genesis, instead of computing their years by solstices and equinoxes, counted the periods of the moon as years. This would mean that the ancient year would be about twenty-nine days long and that Noah, instead of living 950 of our years, really lived only seventy-six modern years, and that Methuselah, the oldest man in biblical history, was only seventy-seven at his death, instead of 969.

There is a peculiarly convincing disproof of this theory contained in the same chapter of Genesis that recites the ages of these patriarchs.

In the fifth chapter and fifteenth verse it reads, "And Mahalaleel lived sixty and five years and bega Jared, and Mahalaleel lived after he begat Jared eight hundred and thirty years and begat sons and daughters."

Applying the lunar year theory to the birth of Jared when Mahalaleel was sixty-five would make him a father when he was only five years old—not a very probable circumstance.

There is little or no doubt that in ancient times men lived to great ages. What contributed to their extreme longevity is lost in the mazes of time, as are other secrets of those early days.

There is every evidence that the ancients knew many things of which we are wholly ignorant.

They were able to harden copper, a secret which modern metallurgists have spent millions of dollars to rediscover.

They were certainly learned in the applications of hydraulics which are unknown to us.

There are evidences that the principle of the fourth dimension was understood and used by them, while it is to us only a complex theory.

When and where these great facts disappeared from human knowledge is of course unknown.

The absence of books is largely accountable for the lost information of antiquity.

The modern printing press makes it certain that all we know will be preserved for all time to come.

There are not a few who believe that old age is a mental disease and that we are only as old as we think we are. That if we think ourselves young we will stay young.

This will be a very happy theory when we get so that we can put it into practice. But up to the present creaky knee joints and whitening hairs are arguments so convincing that few are able to ignore them.

But it does no good to dwell on your age. It does not strengthen your muscles nor limber your joints to constantly say "I am too old to enjoy those things" or "When I was young my heart was gay.

We all ought to keep mentally young as long as we can.

We should think young long after we are unable to act young.

Association will do much to prolong youth. Hang on to the mental energy and ambition of youth as long as you can.

Keep your eyes on the future, not on the past. Watch the road ahead, not the way you have passed over.

There is a good deal that is inspiring in distances ahead, even if you never reach with your feet the things your eyes behold.

One of the greatest of American physicians is authority for the statement that in fifty years the average American life has been lengthened fifteen years. That is doing pretty well.

If the Milk Trust and other profiteers do not put too much of a handicap on us we may gain another fifteen in the next half century, and keeping that up, we will eventually live to be respectably old instead of dying as we do now in what should be our period of real youth.

When we get to living four or five hundred useful years we will be able to do something worth while for the world, if we work hard all the time. We will be able, by careful selection, to read quite a few of the good books and learn a fraction of the things we would like to know.

For the present we cannot plan much beyond the three score years and ten, and taking out the time we foolishly waste and the time we have to devote to eating and sleeping, it means that the most careful hardly get started in the pursuit of knowledge before the earthly race is run and we are put away, and shortly we are forgotten.

However, not all is ashes. Goethe gave a very good recipe for a pleasant old age when he wrote:

"Wouldst thou fashion for thyself a seemly life?
Then fret not over what is past and gone;
And spite of all thou mayst have left behind,
Yet act as if thy life had just begun."

Therefore, let us cheer up. Let us do as well as we can in the time that is given us here, hoping that the hereafter will give us a chance to correct our mistakes.

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Ladies and Gentlemen

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For Northern Ports

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to **TIENTSIN**:—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the following steamer **Hero**, on **December 18**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. Central 319.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, December 20**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to **TIENTSIN**.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the steamer **Kwangping**, on **December 22**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 319.

DAIREN.—The Str. **Keelung M.** Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yang'poo Wharf on **December 24**, at —— —— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

DAIREN.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **January 4**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at —— ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Feiching**, Captain ——— will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain Roberts, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, December 19**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW AND HONGKONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, Dec. 20**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

FOOCHOW—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Captain ——— will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain S. Yamane will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **December 23**, For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Huichow**, Captain W. Shane, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, December 23**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **January 4**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at —— ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Southern Ports

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang**, Capt. W. J. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund direct for the about ports on **Thursday, Dec. 18**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

Vessels Loading For Foreign Ports And River Ports Will Be Found On Page 15

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Next sailings:—

S.S. "AFRICA" about 15th January
S.S. "PERSIA" about 15th February

A few first-class berths are available, on the "AFRICA," for passengers to Trieste.

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VIA PANAMA

S. S. "CAPE MAY"............Late January

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For rates and further particulars apply to

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26779

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VANCOUVER
via
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For bills of lading, freight rates, etc., apply to

P. A. COX, Agent,
Cor. Peking and Yuenmingyuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel. Central 181.
26716

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
*Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru Dec. 21
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Russia Dec. 27

For Manila
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador Dec. 18

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Dec. 18

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle Dec. 23

From France, etc.
Per M.M. s.s. Scharnhost Jan. 15

*All mails for San Francisco and the Southern United States and all mails so marked will go by the steamer Tenyo Maru.

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S.S. Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "TRAY-OS-MONTES" 21st December
S.S. "DONGOLA" 23rd December
S.S. "KASHGAR" 30th December
S.S. "SOMALI" 24th January, 1920.

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

S.S. "DUNERA" about 7th January 1920.

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN

S.S. "JAPAN" 19th December

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG

S.S. "ST. ALBANS" about 28th January 1926

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.

Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.

For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
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24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

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SHANGHAI
To
LOS ANGELES
— via —
Manila — Hongkong — Honolulu

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WEST HIKA - - March 15th.

Through Bills of Lading and Direct Service to all Overland Points in the United States and Canada.

For further information, freight, rates, etc., etc., apply,

Shanghai Office R. D. Bunn,
No. 1 Kiukiang Road. Agent.

Telegraph Address: "LAPCO"

CP OS

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To
CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE
SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong	
Em. of Russia	Dec. 27	Monteagle†	Dec. 25
Monteagle	Jan. 7	Em. of Japan†	Jan. 7
		Emp. of Asia*	Jan. 12
Emp. Japan	Jan. 17	†To Hongkong direct	
Emp. Asia	Jan. 24	*Via Manila	

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	19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

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OCEAN SERVICES

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FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For **CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.**—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight.) These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For **WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN** (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.**—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Phillippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For **NINGPO.**—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particiulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son. Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Freight: Telephone Central 77, Agents, 21-22 French Bund.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR HAMBURG and LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*BORNEO MARU	18,000	K. Tahido,	Dec. 29	Dec. 31
HIMALAYA	15,000	S. Yamaga,	Beg. of Jan.	
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	February	

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Dec. 27	Dec. 29
MANILA MARU	18,000	T. Kobayashi,	Jan. 16	Jan. 17
ARABIA MARU	12,000	T. Saito,	Feb. 3	Feb. 5

FOR HONGKONG

CHICAGO MARU	12,00	S. Yamane,	Dec. 22	Dec. 23

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Dairen direct).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Dec. 22	Dec. 24
KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Jan. 2	Jan. 4

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Jan. 2	Jan. 4

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai. Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

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S.S. "ELKTON"........................	Sails About	DEC. 21
S.S. "ELDRIDGE"..........................	Sails About	DEC. 30
S.S. "EDMORE"........................	Sails About	JAN. 19
S.S. "CITY OF SPOKANE"...........	Sails About	JAN. 29

FOR PORTLAND

S.S. "WAWALONA"	Sails About	JAN. 20

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.

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For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Ecuador	Jan. 3	S.S. Ecuador	Dec. 18
S.S. Colombia	Jan. 31	S.S. Colombia	Jan. 10
S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 28	S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 7

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

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"West Selene" "West Neris"

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SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo	For San Francisco via Honolulu
S.S. Santa Cruz ...Dec. 15	S.S. Colusa.. about Jan. 10

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SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

TENYO MARU	December	21	
SHINYO MARU	January	18	1920
KOREA MARU	February	26	"
TENYO MARU	March	14	"

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

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STRUTHERS AND DIXON

INCORPORATED

Operating Far Eastern Service for account of United States Shipping Board.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
S.S. West Cajoot	Dec. 29	S.S. West Cajoot	Jan. 22
S.S. Hathaway	Dec. 26	S.S. Hathaway	Jan. 28
		FOR SEATTLE:	
		S.S. Brave Coeur	Jan. 1

FLEET

"West Cactus," "West Cajoot," "West Helix," "West Henshaw," "West Ison," "West Segovia," "West Islip," "Western Glen," "Bakersfield," "Devolente," "Editor," "Stanley," "Vinita," "Brave Couer," "Hathaway," Elkhorn."

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Passengers and Freight

S.S. "NANKING"
(15,000 TONS)
S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS) S.S. "NILE" (11,000 TONS)

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NILE".	DEC.	26th
S S. "NANKING"	JAN.	16th
S.S. "CHINA"	FEB.	3rd

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	3rd
S.S. "CHINA"	JAN.	21st
S.S. "NILE"	FEB.	21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to

J. P. WILLIAMS,
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CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
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(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

(Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
SADO MARU	12,500	N. Tanaka,	Dec. 22
KITANO MARU	16,000	F. E. Cope,	Jan. 5

EUROPEAN LINE AUXILIARY CARGO SERVICE.

	Tons	Capt.	
For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports.			
PENANG MARU	11,500	G. Shinomiya,	Jan. 6
AWA MARU	12,500	S. Hirata,	Jan. 18
For Portsaid, London, Antwerp and Hamburg via ports:			
DURBAN MARU		E. Takahashi,	Dec. 24
TOYAMA MARU	15,000	K. Yasuhara,	Jan. 10

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	Dec. 19
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Jan. 25

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Y. Okuno,	about Dec. 28

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
KASUGA MARU	7,000	K. Inatsu,	Dec. 19
YAMASHIRO MARU .	7,000	T. Terada,	Dec. 26
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Dec. 29

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Nojiri,	Dec. 20
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki,	Dec. 24
KUMANO MARU	7,000	M. Yamasaki,	Dec. 27
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	K. Kobayashi,	Dec. 31

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
AWA MARU	12,500	S. Hirata,	Dec. 19
KAMO MARU	16,000	M. Nakamiara,	Jan. 4

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	middle of Feb.

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line				Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.		19.50	
23.45	11.12			arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.		17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.		16.58	
24.00	11.25			arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.		16.45	
19.35	..		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.		..	
Local 5.	**Mail 3.**	**Exp. 1.**		**Tientsin-Pukow Line**			**Exp. 2.**	**Mail 4.**	**Local 6.**
13.50	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	7.21
20.00	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	7.11
20.15	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	6.45
0.07	14.13	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.21	11.21	3.16
3.35	17.15	17.56	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.45	8.39	23.55
6.50	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.59	20.25
7.									8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Taianfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Lincheng	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.50	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.									10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.10	11.08	8.38	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	18.36
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.37	18.16
18.20	15.15	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.05	16.48	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40
	N. Exp.	**Exp.**		**Shanghai-Nanking Line**			**Exp.**	**N. Exp.**	
	23.00	14.20	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.16	6.50	
	7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North	dep	7.55	23.00	

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line

3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45

Lincheng-Tsaochuang Branch Line

4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Lincheng a.	7.55	17.55	9.40
6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsaochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST".

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

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WHARF TARIFFS

The new Tariffs which come into force on January 1st, 1920 have been drawn up and are in course of distribution.

Any firms who have not received copies are requested to communicate with the Wharf Office concerned, when they will be at once supplied.

The new rates will apply to all goods not on Landing Accounts on December 31st, 1919.

Rioka Soko Kaisha, Ltd.

China Merchants' Wharves.

Holt's Wharf.

Kaiyosha's Pootung Wharf.

Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.

Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Wharves.

Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.

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26722

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For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Thursday, December 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasaki, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, Dec. 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Luenho**, 2,868 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Thursday, December 18**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Manager. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, December 19**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Manager. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, December 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, December 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Fenyang Maru**, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, Dec. 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KAIEN KAISHA**, No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Waishing**, Tons 1864, Captain Christie, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Saturday, December 20**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Kutwo**, Tons 2,664, Captain Gibb, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, December 22**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain Legge, will leave on **Monday, December 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, December 23**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Tuckwo**, Tons 3,770, Captain Campbell, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, **December 23**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Captain Monkman, will leave on **Tuesday, December 23**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, December 24**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, December 25**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting**, Captain A. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, December 26**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The S.S. **Tenyo Maru**, Captain K. Hashimoto, will be dispatched on **Sunday, December 21, 1919.** Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 2 p.m. For Passage apply to **TOYO KISEN KAISHA**, T. N. Alexander, Agent.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **December 29.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru**, Captain K. Tahido, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **December 31.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Himalaya Maru**, Captain S. Yamaga, will be despatched from Shanghai on beginning of **JANUARY 1920.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The O.S.K. Str. **Manila Maru**, Capt. T. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **January 17.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **February 5.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about **FEBRUARY 1920.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky

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THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	Fushimi M.	..	16.00	..	..	..	16.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Fushimi M.	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00*
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Japan & A'rica via N'saki..	do	..	..	..	..	B20.00	19.30
H'kong & United Kingdom via Suez	*Idomeneus	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Manila direct	Ecuador	..	..	13.00	..	..	12.00
do	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Manila and Hongkong....	do	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	via Tsinan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton....	Kwangtah	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Kwongsang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Siberia, M'ria, D'ren via Tsingtau	Kobe Maru	..	..	..	..	B20.00	19.30
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Yingchow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong....	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Penza		13.00	..	..	..	12.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Penza	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Japan & A'rica via N'saki.	do	..	..	..	..	12.30	12.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Foochow	Feiching	21.00	..			..	21.00
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Siberia via Nagasaki and Vladivostok..........	Penza	..	..	..	C13.30	..	13.15
Saturday, December 20							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong & United Kingdom Via Suez..............	‡Sado Maru	..	15.30	..	..	..	..
Sunday, December 21.							
H'kong, Straits, S. Ports & Europe via Suez	Sado M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, Honolulu, U.S.A. & Europe	†Tenyo M.	..	..	A12.00	..	..	..
Japan, H'lulu, Canada, U. S. A. and Europe via U. S. A.	Tenyo M.		..	B13.00	..		
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	do	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Japan & A'ica via N'saki	do	..	..	..	..	13.00	12.30
Monday, December 22.							
Hongkong and Canton ...	Huichow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	Huichow	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, December 26.							
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe via Canada	E. of Russia	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00

*Correspondence marked via Suez and parcel mail.

‡Correspondence marked via Suez.

†All mails for San Francisco and the Southern United States and all mails so marked.

A Registered articles at 6 p.m. Saturday.

B Letters and boxes with declar-

p.m.

C Money orders and parcel post at 11 a.m.

[redacted]

3 22 a.m.	2 25 p.m.	6 53	4 58	6

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai

For December 30.28 in

769.0 mm.

Siccawei Weather Report

16.—A moderate depression crosses Lake Baikal, then the anticyclone takes its previous place. A deeper center appears to the E. of the Bonin and Nippon, possibly consequent of the depression of the Marianas, where the pressure is normal again. Monsoon along our coasts with fine weather. Snow at Irkutsk.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

(MAIN LINE)

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN"

STATIONS		Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North	dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield	dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei	dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction	dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South	*dep.*	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction	*dep.*	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sungkiang	dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashan	dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing	dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehsah	dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan	dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow	dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou	arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS		Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou	dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow	dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan	dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	[illegible]
Yehsah	dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	[illegible]
Kashing	dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	[illegible]
Kashan	dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sungkiang	dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction	*dep.*	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South	*arr.*	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction	dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei	dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield	dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North	arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

(KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE)

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU

Konzenchiao......	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50
Hangchow......	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00
Zahkou.........	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....

ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Zahkou.......	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Hangchow....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Konzenchiao..	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

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AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, December 18th.—Household Furniture and Sundries in Salesroom 10 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

TUESDAY, December 23rd.—In Salesroom well known brands of Wines and Spirits also an excellent assortment of Provisions suitable for Christmas.

Cook by Electricity

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No flues to clean, no matches scattered about the floor.

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Far Eastern News Notes

Chinese Blind Helped By South China School

The South China Morning Post of Hongkong in the December 9 issue says:

A very noble and self sacrificing work is being carried on at the Rescue Home and School for Chinese Blind Children at Kwai Ping, South China. The work, which is carried on under very difficult circumstances, is proving to the many blind Chinese children who are driven from their homes and cast upon the mercy of the world. In spite of the fact that there is only one English Missionary in Kwai Ping—a district with an area of 3,000 square miles and a population of 334,000 people—work on a comparatively extensive scale is being carried on. The are four mission stations where services are held every day and there are also four day schools, where the children are taught the Bible. In addition there is the school for blind girls. The latter, when rescued, are taught scripture and eventually acquire the arts of knitting, sewing, etc. A recent visitor to the school wrote: "It is cheering to see their bright faces, and their ability to imitate and grasp so quickly what is taught them is such an inspiration. There is a marvelous change in the children and they appear to be so very very happy." The Home is already full to overflowing and sixteen of the children are obliged to sleep at night on the floor of the Church. An earnest appeal for help is made to allow of the good work being carried on.

Thirty Passengers Lost In Japan Ferry Accident

From the Japan Chronicle of December 9:

Over thirty passengers are missing in a ferry-boat accident. On the 7th instant at 6:10 p.m. a ferry-boat, plying between Hikoshima, off Shimonoseki, and Takesaki-cho, Shimonoseki, was about the middle of the strait with over 70 passengers on board returning to the island, when the boat was tossed so violently by the swell caused by a big steamer that it sunk. Several boats put out as soon as possible to the rescue, but the work was considerably hampered by the swift current running. Many persons were picked up, but over thirty passengers are missing. It is said that the day being Sunday many inhabitants of the island visited Shimonoseki to spend the day in the pleasure resort, and the boat was filled with these people returning to the island, much in excess of its regular accommodation.

Manila Artist Winner Of Honors In Madrid

From the Manila Bulletin of December 6:

The school of fine arts, University of the Philippines, prides itself on the fact that Fernando Amorsolo, a former alumnus of the school, won signal honors at the Art Academy in Madrid where he is taking advanced art courses at present. Amorsolo's art productions made in the Madrid Art Academy are now being shown at the house of E. Zobel.

Japanese Government Is Maker Of Champagne

The Japan Advertiser of December 9 says:

It may be noted as a significant fact that while in America the manufacture, sale and carriage of alcoholic beverages are prohibited by a national statute, in Japan the consumption of *sake* is encouraged by the Government so that increased revenue may be obtained from the tax on it. Probably it may not be generally known that the Department of Finance runs its own *sake* brewery at Takinogawa where experts are engaged in manufacturing the national beverage to suit the taste of people best so as to stimulate their consumption. This Government brewery undertook the manufacture of champagne when the wasteful and unpatriotic nature of consuming expensive imported champagne was talked about some years ago and at one time toasts were proposed in *sake* cups even at fashionable Japanese dinners. The Takinogawa brewery has now succeeded in turning out champagne "made in Japan" which is finding favor among the patriotic Japanese diners.

J. Elmer Delaney Manages Philippine Trust Company

The December 6 issue of the Manila Bulletin says:

J. Elmer Delaney, well kndwn banker of Manila, has been elected first vice president and manager of the Philippine Trust company and the Fidelity and Surety company. These companies are established financial institutions of Manila enjoying prosperous business.

Phil. C. Whittaker remains as president of the companies. He contemplates going on leave in the near future and during his absence Mr. Delaney will probably assume his ddties. Mr. Delaney is also vice president of the Bank of the Philippine Islands but he also keeps office with the trust and surety companies at No. 2, Pinpin.

Anking Police Force Walks Out On Strike

From the Peking Daily News of December 13:

A quarrel between the Police and the Shengchang's bodyguard at Anking, the Capital City of Anhui, has led the whole body of the Police in the city to go on strike. The water police and a detachment of the An Wu-chun have been called out to patrol the city in the absence of the city police. Mr. Lu Tiao-yuan, the Shengchang, and Liu Tao-chang, chief of the Anking police are at loggerheads over the issue. The police chief is reported to have left the city several days ago without notifying any one and has not yet returned to his post since. Mr. Lu Tiao-yuan, the Shengcheng, has also tendered his resignation to the Government.

Capt. McDonnell Honored For Building Peking Road

From the Peking Leader of December 12:—Captain R. T. McDonnell, recently of the 15th U. S. Infantry and now connected with the Smythfield Export Company, Tientsin, has been decorated with the Fifth Class of the Chia Ho for his services in building the Peking-Tungchow Road.

It will be remembered that the road from Peking to Tungchow was begun in the fall of 1917 for the purpose of finding work for the refugees from the flooded districts of Chihli Province. The idea for the construction of the road originated with members of the American Red Cross and the Flood Relief Commission, and the actual work on the road was financed by the American Red Cross and the Chinese Government, who divided the expenses. At the time when the idea was and Tientsin, but there were not the road should connect Peking conceived it was intended that at the time sufficient funds to realise this project.

Captain McDonnell took up the superintendence of the work on the Tungchow road in March, 1918, at a time when the affairs of the road were in a bad way owing to mismanagement and the difficulty of getting effective work out of the refugee laborers. He came to Peking with a first class record for handling refugees at the American Red Cross Refugee Camp in Tientsin, which owed a large part of its success to him, and at once began to make order out of chaos along the Tungchow highway. In one month the refugees had been licked into shape, the overseeing staff had been weeded out until only efficient men remained in it, and the road was progressing rapidly and cheaply. The work was finished in early September, 1918.

Amusements

ISIS THEATRE

Junction of North Szechuen Road Extension and Jukong Road.

PROGRAMME
for
Thursday, 18th December

"THE TRIUMPH OF VENUS"

A Triumph of Art in Photography. The Greatest Spectacular Scenes in Bathing, Diving and Dancing of Nymphs that have ever been filmed.

The most Fascinating Picture that has ever been presented.

Most Entertaining and Enthralling Story.

Programme includes the 9th & 10th Episodes of

"THE HIDDEN HAND"

TWO SHOWS EVERY EVENING, Commencing from 7.
Stalls 30 cents & 40 cents;
Dress Circle 50 cents;
Box Seat 60 cents.

GERALDINE FARRAR

Here is a woman who has scaled the heights of art and fame! She has won the applause of audiences frantic with joy, the praise of the severest critics, the adulation of whole peoples. Her beauty, her art, her voice, and the magic of her acting have made her the most famous woman in the world. In her newest picture,

"JOAN THE WOMAN"

she soars above every pinnacle of her past career. She out-distances in power of beauty and action everything she has ever done on the screen.

Supported by a powerful cast, she will be seen in a production that excels in picturesqueness, variety and spectacular display anything that she has hitherto done. Its appeal is as universal as the human desire for vivid, soul-stirring action and the love of beauty and romance.

It is a story that matches Farrar's matchless acting. It will be the sensation of the city.

ARLTON CAFÉ

t! *Tonight!* *Tonight!*

WE ARE HOLDING ONE OF OUR

NOVELTY PRIZE DANCES

NEW DECORATIONS. NEW IDEAS.

A "SACHET" FOR EVERY LADY GUEST.

AN EXTRA SPECIAL DINNER

WILL BE SERVED.

DINERS HAVING THE PRIVILEGE OF TABLES IN THE BALL-ROOM.

Telephones Central 2301 & 2337.

Dinner Menu

Savory Sandwiches.
Ripe Olives. Salted Nuts. Queen Olives.
Dill Pickles. Sausage. Sliced Ham.

SOUP.
Cream of Asparagus

FISH.
Broiled Mandarin à la Meuniere

ENTREES.
Quail on Toast, Julienne Potatoes.
Fillet Mignon of Beef—Stuffed Tomatoes
Breast of Chicken au Supreme.

HOT JOINT.
Saddle of Lamb Mint Sauce

CURRY.
Lobster Curry.

VEGETABLES.
String Beans. Artichokes. Cauliflower
Steamed Potatoes. Mashed Potatoes.

SALAD.
Russian. Carlton Fruit.

DESERT.
Hot Mince Pie
Almond Ice Cream and Cake.
Cheese. Fruit. Coffee.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE

Saturday Next, Dec. 20th

FINAL FAREWELL PERFORMANCE OF

VANITY FAIR

Specially selected programme of the most popular items from the entire repertoire.

PLAN NOW OPEN AT MOUTRIE'S

26926

XMAS FESTIVAL

CHORUS OF 300 VOICES

Directed by Mr. C. D. Giauque; Assited by

THE MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA

Miss Myra B. Olive | Mr. Charles S. Keen (Nanking)
Miss Elizabeth Spencer (Anking) | Dr. Samuel E. Chiu

TOWN HALL

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 8:15 p.m.

TICKETS:

Reserved Section .... One Dollar
General Admission.............................. Fifty Cents

On Sale at Moutrie and Co., as well as at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. 120 Szechuen Road.

26949

LYCEUM THEATRE

A. D. C.

182nd Production

A Grand Vaudeville Entertaiment

Tuesday, 30th December, 1919
Friday and Saturday, 2nd and 3rd January, 1920
at 9.15 p.m. Sharp.

ALL STAR CAST

LOVELY LADIES LOVELY DRESSES
LOVELY MUSIC

A portion of the proceeds will be devoted to the Funds of the United Services Association.

Booking for the above three performances will open at Messrs. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD., Nanking Road on Friday, 19th December, 1919 for Members only, and on Saturday, 20th December, 1919, for the Public.

By Order,
WM. ARMSTRONG,
Business Manager.

26912

Good Things to Eat and Drink

Short Orders a Specialty

THE TROCADERO

4 Astor Road Phone: North 1664

OLYMPIC THEATRE

PROGRAMME
for
December 18th

MARIE DORO
in
"CASTLES FOR TWO"

Showing on Xmas Week
"JOAN THE WOMAN"

Victoria Theatre

Complete New Programme
for
Tonight, December 18th

Presenting

HAZEL DAWN
in
"THE HEART of JENNIFER"

A Paramount Picture

TOWA CINEMA

No. 4 Woochang Road

PROGRAMME
for
TONIGHT TONIGHT

A JAPANESE DRAMA

One of the most i teresting plays we have ever shown

APOLLO THEATRE

December 18th, 19th, 20th & 21st

PRESENTS

NORMA TALMADGE

in

THE TRIUMPH OF HER ARTISTIC CAREER

NO ONE COULD BEAT
"DE LUXE ANNIE"
ESPECIALLY WITH
NORMA TALMADGE
IN THE TITLE ROLE.

"SELECT"
PICTURIZES ANOTHER
STAGE SUCCESS.

A BRILLIANT STAR IN
A MASTERFUL
PHOTODRAMA.

A THRILLING STORY TOLD
IN
SEVEN REELS

NORMA TALMADGE

"DE LUXE ANNIE"

A CROOK PLAY WITH A SURPRISING PSYCHOLOGICAL TWIST HOLDS YOU IN DOUBT TO THE LAST MINUTE!!!

PRICES: CIRCLE $1.50, STALLS $1.00, PIT 70 cents.

BOOKING AT ROBINSON'S

MATINEE: Saturday 4 p.m.
"THE YELLOW TICKET"
5 part Drama

MATINEE: Sunday 3 p.m.
"THE VAMPIRES" Episodes 3rd and 4th
"THE GHOST" Six parts